

XVI YEAR.

[At the Counter, 3 Cents. By the Month, 75 Cents.]

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1897.

PRICE: On Streets and Trains 5c (At All News Agencies)

AMUSEMENTS

With Dates of Events.

NEW BURBANK THEATER—The Handsomest Theater on the Pacific Coast. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:40 P.M. TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT Last time in this city of Lincoln J. Carter's "THE TORNADO," Mammoth Scenic Production. And a grand double bill introducing the Celebrated Spanish Vocalists, Senora Maria R. del Castillo and Senor Jose E. del Castillo, in Operatic Selections and Typical Spanish Songs. Seats now on sale. Prices, Gallery, 10c; balcony, 25c; dress circle, 50c; orchestra, 75c. Box office open 9:30 a.m. to 8:30 p.m. Telephone Main 1270.

NEXT WEEK—"A BOWERY GIRL." ORPHEUM—LOS ANGELES' CITY VAUDEVILLE THEATER. MATINEE TODAY—ANY SEAS. CHILDREN, 10c; GALLERY, 10c. The Dancing Star, PAPINTA, a truly New and Sensational Dance. The Well-known Comedy Star, GUY V. JAMES, the World's Greatest Dialect Comedian, the Clever Comedienne, HILD. JONES, Assisted by the Accomplished Pianist, FRANK BARRY, the Operatic Star, ELVIRA FRANCELLO and TOM LEWIS; the Baritone Wonder, WILLIAM BONZOS; WILBERT, the Inimitable Mokes, URAWFORD and MAXWELL, the Joke of ADGIE and Her Lions. Reserved Seats, 50c and 50c; Gallery, 10c. Regular Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

SANTA MONICA—SUNDAY, AUGUST 29—SECOND HEAT OF THE Championship 1/4 mile Swimming Race in front of the North Beach Bathing. The first heat was won by Joe Hart, with Leo Carrillo a very close second. Carrillo thinks he can win this time. Hart is confident and Carl Hopp says he will surprise the other two. There are several other entries and all are good men. It will be for blood from start to finish. Hand some prizes in Tufts-Lyon Arms Co.'s window.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—73 GIGANTIC BIRDS. 20 BABY OSTRICHES. The Most Curious Sight in the State. All styles of Tips, Capes and Boas at producers' prices. Terminal R.R. and Pasadena Electric Cars stop at gates.

MISCELLANEOUS

TERMINAL ATTRACTIONS—SUNDAY, AUG. 29, '97.

HERR MARKBERG, the "Flying Man" will give a marvelous exhibition of daring in his wonderful SLIDE FOR LIFE from a tower 100 feet high, into the sea. THE WORLD-RENOUNDED RAYMONDS, and the inimitable AQUATIC CLOWN, DROMIO, will repeat their thrilling performance of last Sunday, with many new features, from a TOWER 100 FEET ABOVE THE SURF.

Music all day by the famous SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MARINE BAND.

UNSURPASSED BATHING, BOATING, FISHING.

Excellent Fish Dinners at YE TERMINAL TAVERN BY THE SEA

LONG BEACH TERMINAL Island SAN PEDRO CATALINA

YOU GET FIRST CHOICE STEAMER ACCOMMODATION VIA THIS ROUTE.

MOUNT LOWE Trains leave 9:05 a.m., 4:55 p.m. Special Excursion Saturday and Sunday, \$1.95 round trip, to all points on MT. LOWE RAILWAY. Open to all.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.—Sea-shore Attractions... SUNDAY, AUG. 29.

SANTA MONICA 14 Fast Trains Leave Southern Pacific Co's Arcade Depot—A.M. 8:00, 8:50, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 12:00 M. P.M. 1:45, 2:30, 3:45, 6:30, 7:45, 7:45

Concert by the Los Angeles Military Band. Second heat of the great swimming race. Excellent bathing in surf and plunge, and a multitude of diversions at Santa Monica, Santa Monica Canyon and Port Los Angeles.

San Pedro The Fisherman's Resort. Fishing Cruise on the Yacht Santa Barbara, 9 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Fare, including bait and tackle, 50c. Safe, delightful bathing on Shell Beach. Music and dancing at the new pavilion.

Sunday trains for Long Beach and San Pedro leave Arcade depot 8:15, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a.m.; 1:40, 5:03 p.m.

CATALINA ISLAND With its great host of attractions. TRAINS, MAKING IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH STEAMER. at San Pedro pier, leave Arcade depot 1:40 p.m., daily except Sunday. Two extra trains Saturday, 9:00 a.m., 5:03 p.m. Sunday trains 8:15 a.m., 5:03 p.m. 30 minutes quicker than any other route.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND. Thousands Now Enjoying This Favored Spot 3 1/2 HOURS FROM LOS ANGELES.

FAMOUS MARINE BAND THRILLING TALLY-HO RIDES. Most Picturesque Mountain Road in the World. Three Boats Eruption of Sugar Loaf Mountain. SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, to the Grand Illumination of Avalon Bay.

DAILY SERVICES. Round Trip Excursion Sunday. See Southern Pacific and Terminal time tables for steamer connections.

Regular Round Trip Tickets from Los Angeles, \$2.75. Excursion Round Trip Tickets from Los Angeles, \$2.50. N. S. G. W. CELEBRATION, SEPTEMBER 8. BANNING CO., Agents, 222 S. Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. Main 36.

SANTA FE ROUTE ANNOUNCEMENTS 50 APACHE INDIANS In Characteristic Garb and Their Great Game O. O.—K. A. R.—N. A. H. At Redondo Beach Saturday and Sunday.

THE CELEBRATED SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND Will Give Open Air Concerts every Saturday and Sunday During the Season at REDONDO BEACH.

TRAINS Leave Downer Avenue... Leave La Grande Station... Leave Central Avenue...

AWARDED ANOTHER MEDAL, A Chautauqua JUNE 17, Completes a List of Thirteen Medals, unquestionable Indorsements.

GOLD REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—Largest establishment in Southern California and 23 years' experience. Metallurgical tests of all kinds made. Metals Exported. United States Mint prices paid for gold and silver in any form. SMITH & IRVING. (Formerly W. M. T. SMITH & CO.), 128 North Main Street, Office room 8.

CORONADO WATER PREVENTS TYPHOID FEVER Purest On Earth Drink Coronado Water and be Healthy. Telephone 746

W. E. HOWARD, MINES—And Mining Stock Bought and Sold. Mail Orders Solicited. Organization a Specialty. Room 345, Wilcox Building.

DELAWARES, CONCORDS, CATAWBAS—Choice Eastern Varieties Grapes. Delicious, beautiful, cheap. Peaches like wise. For the Finest Fruit of any kind, come to headquarters. ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO., 218-219 W. Second St., Tel. Main 308.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES, CUT FLOWERS and Floral Designs. R. P. COLLINS 186 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 110. Flowers packed for shipping.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor, 140 South Spring Street, Tel. Red 1074. Flowers, Floral Designs, Floral Requisites.

STRIKES CAMP.

Grand Army Folds Up Its Tents.

Election of Its National Officers Completed.

Several Important Reports are Presented.

Better Pension Service Wanted—A Memorial to Congress About the Battlefield—Southern Historians of the War Condemned.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] BUFFALO (N. Y.) Aug. 27.—The Grand Army has elected its officers for the ensuing year, and the encampment of 1897 has adjourned to meet in Cincinnati next year.

Today's session lasted from 9:15 o'clock this morning until 3:45 o'clock this afternoon, without intermission. Opening under the order of business, the encampment took up the election of Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief. Comrade Alfred Lyth of Bidwell-Wilkinson Post of this city was placed in nomination, and was elected unanimously, there being no other nominations.

The election of Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief was not accomplished until afternoon, there being four candidates and several interruptions to the proceedings of the encampment by speeches and the admission of a commission from the Woman's Relief Corps. On the first ballot F. B. Allen of Connecticut, the candidate of the naval veterans, led and he was elected on the second ballot.

Dr. David Mackey of Dallas, Tex., was elected Surgeon-General unanimously, and Rev. R. C. Bruner of the First Methodist Church of Chicago was like manner elected Chaplain-in-Chief.

Past Commander-in-Chief Walker of Indiana was presented with a silver service by the encampment.

Among the reports receiving favorable consideration from the executive session of the encampment was that of the Pension Committee. It recommended a readjustment of widows' pensions, and presented a form of proof and application in pension claims. The report also recommended that Congress pass a service pension law, to apply to all veterans who have reached the age of 65 years.

The report of the committee having in charge the memorializing of Congress to purchase several of the most important battlefields about Fredericksburg, Va., and connect them by government roads, was adopted.

Another committee reported favorably the proposition to establish national parks at the battlefields of Vicksburg, Stone River and Appomattox.

The report of the Committee on Text Books used in the public schools was adopted.

The report deals severely with some of the histories used in the South, charging that they misrepresent the facts as to the cause of the rebellion, and present them from a southern standpoint of view.

The Woman's Relief Corps today elected Mrs. Sarah J. Martin of Missouri president and Mrs. Robert A. Kings of Buffalo senior vice-president. Mrs. Kate Jones of Vermont was chosen junior vice-president and Mrs. Belle T. Bagley was re-elected treasurer.

A HIRED COLOR-BEARER.

TORONTO, (Ont.) Aug. 27.—A visiting detachment of seven members of the G. A. R. from Buffalo marched up Yonge street carrying the Stars and Stripes. It is a violation of a civic ordinance to carry a foreign flag in this city, unless a British flag is also carried. A colored man, who was in the procession and told the marchers of the violation. They bought a small union jack, but nobody would carry it. Finally a small boy was hired to do that duty, and the veterans continued on their way.

The Santa Fe Will Obey. TOPEKA (Kan.) Aug. 27.—A. H. Hurd, solicitor of the Santa Fe Railroad company, states that the injunction ordered by Judge Randolph at Emporia, will be obeyed, and that the 100-pound rate on live stock will be withdrawn on Sunday night and the old rate restored. He states, however, that the case will be appealed to the Supreme Court. So far as can be learned, all other Kansas lines will obey the injunction.

"Underground Railroad" Conductor. CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—William Cratty, who, before the civil war, was one of the most notable conductors of the "underground railroad" for the assistance of runaway slaves, died near Marysville, O., last night of old age. Mr. Cratty, it is said, helped over three thousand slaves to escape to Canada, and at one time a reward of \$3000 was offered to anyone who would deliver him dead or alive south of Mason and Dixon's line. He was 92 years of age.

Commutation for Allender. SAN JOSE, Aug. 27.—Attorney Morehouse said this morning that he would not apply for habeas corpus in behalf of Harvey Allender, under sentence to hang next Friday, as had been done in the case of Murderer Hill. He said, however, he would be applying to Gov. Jeter as soon as the latter could see him with a showing in behalf of a plea for commutation of sentence for Allender. The case will then be left to take its course.

British Steamers in Collision. NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The British steamer Glen Gyle, Capt. McGilivray, bound from London for China and Japan ports, is beached at Cetarus Bay, near here, badly mangled from collision with the British steamer Coronet, in the straits. The Coronet sought refuge in this port with her forepeak full of water, after rescuing the Glen Gyle's passengers.

CLEVELAND'S GUEST.

The President Now in Ohio—Will Attend a Wedding.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—President McKinley became the guest of the people of this city today, and will remain until Wednesday. He arrived here on the Comanche this morning from Buffalo. President McKinley pronounced the G. A. R. encampment the greatest in its history.

Wednesday the party will leave for Fremont, O., where he will attend the Smith-Hayes wedding. On the following day, the President will attend a reunion of his old regiment, and Friday will go to the State Fair at Columbus, whence he will go to Canton.

ON ONE TRACK.

Two Trains Meet and Five Men are Injured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] BIRMINGHAM, (Ala.) Aug. 27.—A head-end collision occurred on the Southern Railway, three miles west of Eden. Freight train No. 45 from Atlanta collided with an extra freight train going east. Both engines were badly damaged, and ten cars were broken up. The injured, so far as known are:

JOHN CREAVES, Atlanta, fatally. J. C. SEWINE, Birmingham, engineer of the extra, seriously bruised. Three other trainmen were injured.

ITS BUSINESS DONE.

BAR ASSOCIATION HAS A FEED AND ADJOURNS.

William Wirt Howe Chosen for Presiding Officer of the Body—Other Nominations and Elections—Proposed Trust Legislation—President McKinley at the Banquet.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—At today's session of the National Bar Association, Walter S. Logan offered a comprehensive report urging the enactment of legislation enabling a creditor of a debtor who is squandering property to secure the interposition of the courts to protect his rights, although the debt might not be due. The convention instructed the committee to consider the matter and report at the next annual meeting.

Nominations for officers for the ensuing year were reported as follows: President William Wirt Howe, New Orleans; secretary, John Hinckley, Baltimore; treasurer, Francis Hawley of New Jersey; Committee on Commerce, Alfred Hemmingsway, Boston; Charles Claffin Allan, St. Louis; Charles Mobley, Gregory, Wis. The nominees were elected without discussion.

The list of vice-presidents is as follows: Alabama—Thomas N. McClellan, Arizona—John C. Macdonald, Arkansas—W. A. Rose, California—John A. Gibson, Colorado—Moses Hallett, Delaware—George Gray, Idaho—Herman Stuart, Gregory, District of Columbia—Henry E. Davis.

Florida—John C. Avery, Georgia—Frank H. Miller, Illinois—Thomas Dent, Indiana Territory—W. W. McLeod, Indiana—S. Taylor, Iowa—J. H. McConlogue, Kansas—John D. Milliken, Kentucky—Charles S. Gibbs, Louisiana—T. S. Stennens, Maine—J. W. Simonds, Maryland—David W. Sloane, Massachusetts—F. Dickinson, Jr., Michigan—A. C. Baldwin, Minnesota—H. A. Stevens, Mississippi—C. H. Howey, Missouri—W. C. F. Fikensburg, Montana—W. D. Dixon, Nebraska—C. F. Manderson, New Hampshire—John L. Spring, New Jersey—Charles Borah, New York—J. Newton Field, North Carolina—John L. Bridges, North Dakota—Sourde Corbett, Ohio—S. F. Hunt, Oklahoma—J. T. Dille, Oregon—C. H. Care, Pennsylvania—S. J. Wolfert, Rhode Island—James Tillingshast, South Carolina—Clarence Natel, South Dakota—Frank R. Akens, Tennessee—J. W. Bonner, Texas—T. S. Miller, Utah—R. B. Shepard, Vermont—William E. Johnson, Virginia—Jackson Guy.

Washington—George L. Foster, West Virginia—W. W. Van Winkle, Wisconsin—J. Ludwig, Wyoming—John A. Ryker.

Justice R. S. Tyler of Indiana offered a resolution on the subject of trusts, which aroused considerable interest, but was adopted without discussion, as follows:

"Resolved, that the Committee on Jurisprudence and Law Reform be requested to submit to the association at its next annual meeting a report on the subject of existing laws in relation to trusts and combinations in business, with reference especially to the question of the ownership of real estate, and to provide by law for such discriminations among organizations of the character by reference to the reasonableness of their contracts, which they rest their effect on the public interest, or the interest of those engaged in them as place it in the power of the law and the courts to more effectively deal with those who are mischievous in their nature and tendency than has been found possible hitherto."

The committee to which was referred a resolution inviting the International Law Association to meet at the same time and place with the American Bar Association in 1898 made a favorable report, and the resolution was adopted. An effort will be made to make the '98 meeting of those great bodies of learned men an event in the history of the country. President McKinley will be urged to speak before a joint assembly of the associations. The meeting will probably be held at Saratoga.

This will be decided by the Executive Committee. Adjournment sine die was then taken.

At the meeting of the Educational Association of the University of Wisconsin read a paper on "The Wage of Law Teachers."

THE PRESIDENT ENROLLED.

CLEVELAND (O.) Aug. 27.—President McKinley was the guest of the American Bar Association at its banquet this evening. The toastmaster announced that the Executive Committee had reported the election to honorary membership in the association of William McKinley of Ohio. This announcement was greeted by cheers. In response the President briefly returned thanks.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—(Special Dispatch.) M. J. Horton is at the St. Nicholas; Dr. A. S. Dolan of San Bernardino is at the Imperial.

IN FAR SAMOA

The President Will Our Influence Restore.

Old Glory's Broad Folds Shall Be Seen as of Yore.

And the Voice of the "Cuckoo" Be Heard Nevermore.

Instructions to Consul-General Osborn to Investigate That Tripartite Arrangement—A Possibility of More Commerce in Future.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.] NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—(Special Dispatch.) The Sun's Washington special says:

"Instructions have been issued by the State Department to Luther W. Osborn of Nebraska, now Consul-General at Apia, Samoa, which will form the basis for the restoration of the influence of this country in the Samoa Islands. Under the Cleveland administration Samoa was abandoned to Germany and Great Britain, and no attempt to live up to the provisions of the tripartite agreement has since been made by the government. President McKinley, however, considers the islands well worth holding to the limited extent provided by the agreement, and his ideas on the subject are embodied in instructions which Osborn will carry with him to Apia.

"Osborn is now in Washington studying the correspondence relating to Samoa on file in the State Department. He is thoroughly in sympathy with the ideas of the President, and intends to do all possible to promote the languishing American interests. His instructions are to make an inquiry into the political conditions in the islands, with particular reference to the workings of the tripartite arrangement, and to suggest a plan for the improvement of the provisions of the agreement. His report will be made to President McKinley, who has been impressed with the strategical and commercial importance of the Samoan group to this country. It is probable a United States warship will be sent to Apia to show the Stars and Stripes to let the people of the island understand that this government has not lost an interest in them.

"When Osborn reaches Apia he will find a namesake there looking after the interests of the United States. He is Lloyd Osborn, and is the stepson and literary partner of the late Robert Louis Stevenson. Lloyd Osborn is vice-consul-general at Apia."

Pearls in Arkansas. LITTLE ROCK, (Ark.) Aug. 27.—A special to the Gazette from Mount Adams, Ark., says White River, above and below Mount Adams for several miles, is lined with pearl-hunters. Wagonloads of men, women and children are arriving from all sections. One party of campers found a large number of pearls. They were taken to the store of N. B. Price, and he valued them at \$550. The pearls found here are as large as buckshot, round and brilliant in color.

Captured by Pirates. MADRID, Aug. 27.—The Portuguese bark Rosita Faris has been attacked off the coast of Morocco by pirates belonging to Bocca Kabilis. The captain and four of the crew of the bark were carried off.

Inquiry as to Greece's Resources. LONDON, Aug. 27.—The powers have asked Greece the amount she can pay as first instalment of the indemnity to Turkey, and to mention the revenue she can assign to guarantee the whole amount.

A FORLORN LOT. What Andrew Wasson Writes of the Skaguay Crowd. [BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] PORT TOWNSEND, (Wash.) Aug. 27.—Andrew Wasson, banker and ex-collector of Customs, who left with a party of seven for the Klondyke, his written to his wife from Skaguay as follows:

"There are about three thousand men and fifteen hundred horses here, making up the most forlorn lot that you ever saw. About half of them have given up, and the other half either curse or cry. Taking it all together, I never saw such a condition of affairs. At Dyke there are nearly as many as here, and I am told they are in the same condition. God only knows what will become of those headed this way, for none but those with horses will get through. Many have started out, but just as many have returned footsore and disheartened. Outfits can be bought here for a song. The authorities should stop the tide of immigration that is coming this way. It is suicidal to a prospector or come at this time, for the blockade there will be followed by one on the trail. I am firmly convinced that even after the trail is opened to traffic the crowd of horses will be a help as the pitiful condition of things here. One horse without horses is as helpless as a child. I never saw so many men weaken."

WHITE PASS NO GOOD. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—R. H. Kay, special correspondent of the Bulletin, writes from Skaguay, Alaska, to the effect that after making the trip over the famous White Pass to Lake Bennett for the purpose of testing its reported impracticability, he and a party of four returned to Skaguay and will now take the Chilkoot Pass route.

SWEDEN-DENMARK.

Wedding of Princess Ingelloger and Prince Charles at Copenhagen.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] COPENHAGEN, Aug. 27.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Princess Ingelloger, Charlotte Frederica, second daughter of the Crown Prince Christian of Denmark, was married at 2 o'clock today in the palace chapel here to Prince Charles, Duke of Westgöterland, third son of King Oscar II of Norway and Sweden, in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of members of the Danish and Swedish royal families, the Dowager Empress of Russia and the Princess of Wales.

The city was profusely decorated in honor of the young people, and the people accorded them an enthusiastic reception. The Princess was born in 1878, and the Prince was born in 1881.

UNCLE SAM WARNED.

SPAIN WILL DO HER DUTY IF HE INTERFERES.

Gen. Azcarra Declares of His Own Knowledge That the Cuban Insurrection is Nearing an End. Weyler Indorsed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.] MADRID, Aug. 27.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Gen. Azcarra, the Spanish Premier, at the Cabinet Council over which he presided last night, declared the government would follow in the footsteps of the late Premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo.

Gen. Azcarra announced that the government had full confidence in Capt. Gen. Weyler's political and military conduct of affairs in Cuba. Personally the Premier was aware that the insurrection in Cuba was approaching an end, and if the United States made any demonstrations, which he hoped would not be the case, Spain would do her duty. The Premier closed his speech by appealing for the good-will of all Conservatives.

SAGASTA'S VIEWS.

MADRID, Aug. 27.—Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader, has made a fresh declaration on the political situation. He says it is daily growing worse in Cuba, and continues serious in the Philippine Islands. Senor Sagasta is ready to apply autonomy to Cuba, and expresses the belief that the Liberals will assume power earlier than expected. Sagasta, asserts that the Carlists are already prepared for a rising, and only waiting a false step on the part of the government or a favorable opportunity to take up arms.

POKING FUN AT WOODFORD.

HAVANA, Aug. 27.—The Diario de la Marina calls the mission of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, United States Minister to Spain, a failure, and says: "Germany and France are entirely hostile to American intervention in Cuban matters. England, skilled in an old diplomat, is evasive to Woodford's insinuation, and he expressed no opinion regarding the Spanish insurrection, but is fortifying and preparing against possible trouble with the United States, owing to American jingoism." The Diario de la Marina, then, makes fun of the American "tourist" Minister visiting in Europe and sounding foreign cabinets, and meeting with failure so far as the Cuban policy is concerned.

Reports have arrived from Cienfuegos to the effect that Lieut. José Alvarez Morales and three followers have been captured by the Spanish authorities at Cienfuegos de Saphat.

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Financial and Commercial—Page 8. Bulls suffer in the Chicago wheat market...Strong tone to stocks at New York...Wheat loses 5 cents a bushel at New York...Weekly reviews of trade by the Dun and Bradstreet agencies...Weekly table of bank clearings...Lead and copper...Petroleum...Foreign markets...San Francisco and local produce.

Points of the News in Today's Times. The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 10. Solly Smith alleged bogus exhibition...A San José burglar arrested here...Row in a first street saloon...Flag night celebrated by G. A. R. men...Financial condition of the city...Changes among Santa Fe officials...A Pasadena boy in jail...Mabel Guild adjudged insane...Trial of the impure milk cases. Southern California—Pages 9. Fancy dress ball at the Metropole, Catalina...Dispute over personal property at Pasadena...Two San Diego editors in the Police Court...Man-eating shark captured at Redondo...Proposed cooperative plant at Azusa...Controversy at Pomona over the tax levy...New creamery at Santa Ana...A Redlands woman committed to Highways. General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3. G. A. R. encampment completes the election of its officers...President McKinley the guest of the city of Cleveland...David J. Seligman dangerously ill...Booth-Tucker's colonization scheme...Wonderful explosive invented by Chicagoans...The Dominion Government trying out a Klondyke trail...Uruguayan revolutionists say Borda's death will not end the war...The assassin's statement...Twelve people killed in a Yucatan riot...Foresters select Detroit for the next meeting place...Atty.-Gen. McKenna completes his opinion on the discriminating duty...Bar Association elects officers...Railroad collision on the Southern Railway...Harry C. Stone saves his three daughters from drowning...American influence in Samoa to be strengthened. At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3. Dispatches are also received from Buenos Ayres, London, Toronto, Constantinople, Chicago, San Francisco, Portland, Washington, New York and other places.

Pacific Coast—Pages 1, 2. President of Juneau's Chamber of Commerce says Canadians are overtaxing Americans going to gold fields. Riot at an Alaskan mine...Witness in the Craven case arrested...Walcott slugs a white merchant...Mrs. Thorold a licensed pilot...Sigmund Morris arrested at San Francisco...Monte-rey-county lands to be purchased for Salvation Army colonists...Detectives lose the trail of May, the German defaulter...Sacramento-river canning industry tied up...Wheat making San Francisco shippers busy...Valley-rail construction...Alleged child slave in Madera county...Supposed murderer arrested on the Klondyke...Ben Hill's appeal perfected...The Fligel murder case...A newspaper man writes that White's Pass is virtually impassable...Sawmill on Boulder Creek burned...No attempt at lynching at Colusa...Sylvester Newhall of San José dead...James Wood executed for murder. By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3. The new Spanish Premier warns Uncle Sam that Spain will do her duty if there is any interference in Cuba...A postoffice dynamited...British steamer Corocoro a total loss...Wholesale arrests continue to be made at Constantinople...A Havana paper pokes fun at Gen. Woodford...Wonderful new electric light invented by Maxim...Inquiry as to Greece's resources...Conference between French and Russian ministers. Financial and Commercial—Page 8. Bulls suffer in the Chicago wheat market...Strong tone to stocks at New York...Wheat loses 5 cents a bushel at New York...Weekly reviews of trade by the Dun and Bradstreet agencies...Weekly table of bank clearings...Lead and copper...Petroleum...Foreign markets...San Francisco and local produce.

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to Klondike, owing to the wretched condition in which they found the former trail.

**OFFICIAL SURVEYING.**  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The Coast and Geodetic Survey has authorized Augustus F. Rodgers, in charge of the bureau's San Francisco office, to proceed with an assistant to the head of Lynn Canyon and make a thorough survey of that part of the Klondike route. Particular attention will be given to the topography and hydrography of the Skagway and Dyea localities. Rodgers will leave at once.

**THE PORTLAND NOT SIGHTED.**  
PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.), Aug. 27.—There were no sign of the steamer Portland off Cape Flattery early this evening, and the belief is general that the steamer had been delayed at St. Michaels on account of the failure of the river boats to arrive with the expected consignments of Klondike gold.

**RAILROAD TO KIE TESLIN.**  
SEATTLE (Wash.), Aug. 27.—Duncan McKinnon, a leading merchant of Fort Wrangle, Alaska, is in the city and says that there is a strong likelihood that a railroad will be pushed through from Telegraph Creek, the head of navigation on the Stikine River, to Lake Teslin. The Dunsmuir of Victoria and San Francisco and some English capitalists are said to be behind the scheme.

**RIOT OVER RATONS.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The Anchor Point gold mine at Cook's Inlet, Alaska, was the scene of miners' riot in July, according to news which has just been received in this city. About fifty miners are at work there, employed by a Boston corporation, which owns the mines, and in July the funds for the payment of the men ran short. The men quit work and the company withheld their food and supplies to force them into submission.

On the third day of this treatment the men demanded their usual rations, and when the food was not given them they shot at the foreman and his assistant, seriously but not fatally wounding both of them.

**TRYING FOR A ROUTE.**  
OTTAWA (Ont.), Aug. 27.—The Dominion government has determined to test the feasibility of reaching the Klondike by way of Edmonton and the Peace River, and a practical trial of the proposed route will be made at once under the direction of the Interior Department. It has been claimed for this route that it is the shortest and that a continuous stretch of country available for horses, and could, therefore, be utilized by pack trains. To ascertain the feasibility of this route, it has been decided by the Minister of the Interior to dispatch a small party of Northwest mounted police as soon as possible. They will move north by way of the Peace River to the Laird, and thence by way of the Dease to the Pelly, which joins the Yukon at Fort Selkirk, fifteen miles above Dawson and 100 miles above the Stewart River, where, according to present indications, the bulk of the projecting will be done next year.

The proposed route has been covered by Mr. Dawson by canoe from Dawson Lake by way of Upper Laird, but the proposed land journey from Edmonton by way of the Peace River is projected through about four hundred miles of absolutely unknown territory. Should the police expedition partly report favorably upon this route, it will doubtless become the cattle trail of the future. It may be impossible to make the drive through in one season, but abundance of feed is reported along the route as far as known, so that the cattle can be wintered over at some point on the way.

**LEAD AND GOLD.**  
CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—A rapid-fire Maxim gun for protection of the returning Klondikers was received at Chicago. It was en route for Seattle, where it will be placed in position on the steamer Portland. Fifty rounds of ammunition accompanied the gun. It will be placed in position on the steamer Portland, where it will be used on a possible pirating vessel, or sweep the decks of the Portland in case of mutiny.

**AVENGED HIS MOTHER.**  
JAMES HOOD DIES ON THE GALLOWS UNCOMPLAININGLY.  
The mystery of the murder of old Paddy Wood, reputed to be the father of his slayer and had abandoned his family.

[BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.]  
VAUCOUVER (B. C.), Aug. 27.—[Special Dispatch.] A drama in real life has just been ended by the execution of James Wood at Nelson, B. C., for murder. Three principal actors are now in their graves and a strange story, full of blood and interest, has ended in murder and the gallows. It reads much like Hall Caine's story of "The Bondman," but the true tale is more terrible and improbable than the novelist's tale.

Paddy Wood kept a blacksmith shop where he shot horses and the rough iron-work required by the little-known town of Nelson. One night, a few months ago, he heard a noise in his shop from his bedroom above, and going downstairs was confronted by a man who, without speaking, shot the old blacksmith through the breast. The murderer was recognized as James Wood. Paddy Wood lingered for some time before he died, but he would not speak, save to say that James Wood shot him down without a word. Neither would the murderer speak at the gallows of the dead man or his identity. He simply said, with a smile: "Don't draw the rope too tight."

No one knew what occurred beyond the shooting in the little blacksmith shop, but those who claim to know say that Jim Wood killed his own father to avenge his mother's honor. It is known that S. Wood, better known as Paddy, was born in Louisiana, and afterward removed to Pennsylvania. Here, it is said, the murdered man married, and the result of the union was one son. While the boy was yet young, the father deserted his wife and child for a woman of dissolute habits. The heartbroken mother lived only long enough to tell her sad life history to her son. He made the vow that he would seek his father and avenge his mother's wrongs. The curtain fell on the drama when James Wood met Paddy Wood in the blacksmith shop and sent home the shot that robbed the old man of his life.

**Maxim's New Light.**  
LONDON, Aug. 27.—A wonderful new light has just been invented by Hiram Maxim, the American scientist now living in England and inventor of the Maxim gun. It is an electric light of three times the candle-power of the ordinary incandescent light. It lasts more than twice as long, and requires less than half the energy. Unlike the lights now in use, the film is made of a mineral instead of a vegetable substance, the nature of which is secret. The result is a light of intense brilliancy without red rays. The bulb is of ordinary size.

## SENSATION AT LAST.

**WITNESS BARTLETT ORDERED INTO CUSTODY.**

He Formerly Swore That He Saw Senator Fair Enter the Office of Notary Concoy.

**NOW HE IS NOT SURE OF IT.**

**ADMITTS HAVING RECEIVED AND BEEN PROMISED MONEY.**

**Alleged Murderer Arrested on the Klondike—Child Slave—May, the Embellisher—Ben Hill's Appeal Perfected.**

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—J. R. McGuffick, formerly in charge of the local branch of the department of H. S. Crocker Company, was the only witness examined for the defense in the Angus-Craven case this morning. His testimony was merely to the effect that, in his opinion as an expert, the Cooney blanks were not identical with those exhibited by the plaintiffs. In order to prove that they were acknowledged until after the date upon which they purported to have been. Late this afternoon testimony of a sensational character was given in the Angus-Craven case by Charles F. M. Bartlett, who was recalled by the plaintiffs' attorney for further cross-examination. When on the stand formerly he stated that on the 27th of September, 1894, the day when the pencils were said to have been acknowledged by Notary Concoy, he saw Senator Fair come out of the Lick House and go into Concoy's office. Today, however, he swore that he was not sure of the correctness of this statement. The witness acknowledged that he had once obtained \$50 from Attorney Ruff himself in-law on which Ruff himself intended. Further, he had been promised \$5000 if Mrs. Craven won her case.

In addition to all this, Bartlett acknowledged that it was on the occasion that he applied to Ruff to help him get the \$50 that he had mentioned what he was able to testify to. This evening Bartlett was ordered under arrest on a charge of perjury by Superior Judge Slack, who is presiding over the case.

Just before the adjournment of court Delmas spoke of a paper that had been handed to him, and to which he had seen the same paper handed to a juror. It purported to be an agreement between Delmas and the juror, and was signed by Delmas, and was drawn up in duplicate. Delmas had pledged some personal papers as security for the money borrowed of Gough. The writing bore no resemblance to that of Delmas, who read it to the court.

William Goettert was called and testified regarding the paper. He said that he had lent a lively stable keeper named Moulder \$50. When Goettert pressed his claim, Moulder told him that he had lost the money to Elmer Delmas. Goettert said Moulder told him that Mrs. Craven was sure to win, as all the jurors were for her. He also said that Moulder had in his possession acknowledged stipulations from each juror that they would decide in Mrs. Craven's favor, which were signed by James G. Fair, which is carefully kept in a glass case.

Goettert, Moulder, Olsen and Glass were called. He also said that Moulder had in his possession acknowledged stipulations from each juror that they would decide in Mrs. Craven's favor, which were signed by James G. Fair, which is carefully kept in a glass case.

**A LONG CHASE.**  
William Smith of Cedar Rapids Arrested on the Klondike.

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.), Aug. 27.—The steamer Portland, due from St. Michaels, has on board a murderer, who was chased by detectives half way around the world. He is in irons and under the constant watch of two Pinkerton detectives. The prisoner, William Smith, was taken over the continent to Juneau, to Dyea and across the Chilkoot Pass, over the lakes and down the rivers to the gold fields of Klondike, where he was taken into custody.

Smith was a store-keeper in a town near Cedar Rapids, Iowa, up to several months ago, when he was arrested. He was burned, and in the ruins was found the charred body of a man. Smith's relatives claimed that he was murdered, but that of a watchman. The theory was at once advanced that Smith had committed murder and burned his store in the hope that the body would be roasted beyond recognition, so his relatives could obtain the insurance money after he had disappeared.

Pinkerton men were put on the trail, and after one of the longest chases on record, arrested Smith at Dawson City on July 12. He was taken to St. Michaels, where he awaited the sailing of the Portland.

**GIVEN ANOTHER NAME.**  
CEDAR RAPIDS (Iowa), Aug. 27.—Smith, the prisoner on the steamer Portland, is apparently Frank Novak, the store-keeper at Waford, who murdered Edward Murray and burned his body. Novak's relatives claimed the body was that of Novak. The insurance company found the collection of the policies and placed a detective on the trail.

**MILITIA NOT NEEDED.**  
Excitement Over Vainly's Murderous Attempt Has Apparently Died Out.

COLUMA, Aug. 27.—In response to the appeal of Sheriff Jones, who was warned that an attempt would be made to lynch Pedro Vainly, who attempted to murder Miss Florine Perrier, twenty men of Co. D, N.G.C., of Marysville arrived here this morning at 3 o'clock. Co. B also reported to the Sheriff, but there was no occasion for the services everything being quiet and the excitement having apparently died out.

**THE MEXICAN WEAKENING.**  
COLUMA, Aug. 27.—No talk of lynching has been heard since the militiamen reported for duty at the jail last evening. The town is quiet tonight, and the subject to the order of Sheriff Jones. Co. D will probably return to Marysville tomorrow, but the Sheriff says he will keep Co. B on hand until he is satisfied that all danger of a mob attack on the jail has passed. Miss Perrier is now resting easily, and the attempts at lynching her assailant will not likely be renewed unless the girl takes a decided turn for the worse.

cial guards in the fall, is gradually growing weaker. It is unlikely that he will live long enough to receive legal punishment for his crime.

**A CHILD SLAVE.**

The Marquis of Salisbury Interested in a Madern Girl.

MADERA, Aug. 27.—About four years ago there came to this country from Rock Ferry, England, a Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Tubbs. With them came a little girl, the daughter of one of their English neighbors, named Emma Davis. The Tubbs purchased one of the finest vineyards in the country. Since they took possession of this property little Emma Davis has been practically a slave. She has scarcely been allowed to go off the premises, and has been compelled to work in the vineyard by the side of men hired from off the public highways and has received no education.

The British Consul has interested himself in the matter at the request of the Marquis of Salisbury, and he has written the county being appealed to, he went to the Tubbs place for the girl, but found she had been spirited away. She is supposed to be in Fresno, and the Sheriff will try to find her today and send her back to England.

**THE CHILD FOUND.**

FRESNO, Aug. 27.—Emma Davis, the English girl whose treatment has caused the British Consul in San Francisco to interest himself in her case, was discovered by a reporter of the Morning Republican at the home of E. D. Merriam on a vineyard east of Fresno, where she had been placed as a domestic.

**LETTER-CARRIERS CONVENTION.**

It Will Be Held at Chicago Because of the Railroad.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—On the very eve of the arrival of the delegates to the convention of the National Association of Letter Carriers a dispatch has been received from headquarters at Chicago which announces that the National Committee has abandoned its plans, on account of its failure to secure reduced rates from the railroad, and that the convention will be held in Chicago.

As all arrangements for the reception of the delegates has been effected, and large expense incurred, the local committees were considerably chagrined at such a peremptory message as that which they received, and the action of the National Committee is generally regarded in an unfavorable light.

**PHILADELPHIANS STAND FIRM.**  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—The Philadelphia branch of the National Association of Letter-Carriers today received word that the annual convention of the national body, which was to have been held from September 8 to 11 in San Francisco, had been changed to Chicago because of the former city's refusal to reduce its rates. The Philadelphia branch of the local branches throughout the country to ratify the change.

The local carriers tonight wired Secretary Treyster of San Francisco, and received his reply that the change was made, and the cost of the convention would be met by the local branches. Prominent members of the local branch here state they will go to San Francisco, and will not recognize any convention in Chicago unless a meeting of the delegates to the national convention of last year is called and so decides.

**SIG MORRIS ARRESTED.**

Is Wanted in Brooklyn for Violating the Postal Laws.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—Sigmond Morris, who is wanted in Brooklyn, N. Y., for having violated the postal laws in connection with an alleged robbery, was arrested here today. He was taken before Commissioner Heacock today and arraigned upon a complaint sworn to by Postal Inspector Erwin of this city, upon information furnished by the authorities in Brooklyn, the specific charge being that of having used the mails for fraudulent purposes.

A date was set for his examination, and he being required meanwhile in the sum of \$500, but it is believed that Morris will waive examination and ask that he be sent East for trial immediately.

Morris was for many years a newspaper reporter in Los Angeles, at which place his brother, Hugo, was recently arrested upon a similar charge and taken East for trial.

**CLOSE SHAVE FOR HILL.**

His Appeal to the Supreme Court Originally Faulty.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—Warden Hale of San Quentin was somewhat startled this morning when he called upon Atty.-Gen. Fitzgerald to consult him about the case of Benjamin Hill, the Oakland wife-murderer, for the latter official, upon learning that Hill's attorneys had applied to Judge De Haven in chambers for a writ of habeas corpus, expressed the opinion that the proceedings were irregular and that therefore he saw no legal reason why the execution should be deferred.

Hill's attorneys, upon being informed of this opinion, lost no time in applying to Judge De Haven in open court for a writ, which was denied, and a motion for a writ of certiorari to the Court of the United States was promptly filed and allowed. The execution will therefore be delayed until next meeting in October and decides the case.

**SACRAMENTO RIVER SYSTEM.**

Packers Change Their System of Paying for the Fish.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The salmon-canning industry on the Sacramento River is at a standstill at present. In previous seasons the packers paid a regular price for all fish delivered to them, large and small alike. This year the packers proposed to pay so much a pound for the fish instead of the old system. This, in addition to a cut of from 1/2 to 2/3 cents a pound, was received with disfavor by the fishermen, who declined to supply any more fish unless the old system were continued and an increase be made in the price.

This proposition the Sacramento River Packers' Association declined, and thus the matter stands, and will stand for this season, as the close season commences on Saturday. The companies will can no salmon until next season.

**MAN WITH A MILLION.**

Detectives Searching for Ferdinand May, the Embellisher.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—Ferdinand May, who fled from Germany with nearly \$1,000,000 in cash, is supposed to be in Australia. The steamer Mariposa, here from Australia, was carefully searched before her departure, the Australian

authorities suspecting that the criminal would attempt to escape to the United States.

He is thought to have reached Sydney by the Arcadia or Australia. A man answering his description is said to have boarded the latter vessel at Suva, it is also reported that he was traced to Brisbane, but there the detectives lost track of him. Substantial rewards are offered for his arrest. He is a man of culture and excellent presence.

**SALVATION ARMY COLONY.**

A Purchase of Monterey County Lands Under Consideration.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The Citizens' Colonization Committee of the Salvation Army, has taken into consideration the purchase of 500 acres of land near Soledad, in Monterey county, belonging to C. T. Romie. The owner has offered to sell it for \$50 an acre, and will give the Salvation Army and the colonists ten years in which to pay for it, charging but 6 per cent interest.

The proposition, but the Soberanes property offered by Claus Spreckels has been abandoned, as one of the conditions that it be plowed during August and the committee promises of several thousand dollars in subscriptions, including one from Spreckels.

**TRAINMEN AND TRAMPS.**

Fight on the San Francisco Overland at Washington.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SACRAMENTO, Aug. 27.—Brakeman Stewart of the Overland, who is leaving here for San Francisco this evening shot a tramp in the left leg in Washington, Yolo county.

A large gang of toughs boarded the train here for San Francisco just as it left the depot, and when it crossed the river the conductor called a halt. The trainmen set to work to put the hobos off the car, and the latter showed fight. Finally the trainmen drew their pistols to intimidate the hobos, when one of them threw a stone at Stewart. The brakeman chased him and hit him with his pistol, and just then another of the hobos let fly a cobblestone at Stewart and then ran. Stewart shot a shot at him, but the fellow did not stop. It was afterward learned, however, that the bullet struck him in the arm, and he was taken to the hospital. Having beaten back the gang, the trainmen returned to duty and the train went on its way.

**SONOMA COAL MINE.**

Peter Torilatt Secures Authority to Work His Discovery.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SANTA ROSA, Aug. 27.—Peter Torilatt, an Italian who lives about ten miles from here on the Sonoma road, secured today the necessary papers to allow him to develop a coal mine on the Eliza Cook ranch near Sonoma Mountain. The mine is said to be a very rich one.

The discovery was made some time ago, and Torilatt is convinced that he has discovered a wonderfully rich bed. The coal has been tested and given satisfaction. The work of developing the discovery will go on at once. Several finds of coal in this county have been made, but Torilatt's is the most important.

**PLEADED NOT GUILTY.**

Dan Dutcher is More Confident—Mrs. Schofield More Depressed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
SAN JOSE, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Sarah Schofield and Daniel Dutcher were in court today and made their plea to the charge of murdering George W. Schofield. Each entered a plea of not guilty, and the case went to trial Monday, when the court announced the date of the trial would be fixed.

Dutcher was more composed than when arraigned, and looks as if he is more confident than at that time. Mrs. Schofield appears considerably broken down. She wears a sad expression and seems to feel her unhappy condition keenly.

**Supervisors Must Fight.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The trial of the suit of George H. Fitch to secure the removal of the Board of Supervisors for alleged malfeasance in office will be commenced next Thursday before Judge Wallace.

The fight of the Supervisors was ended on Thursday, when the Supreme Court refused to grant them a writ of prohibition to restrain Judge Wallace from trying the case. The Supreme Court denied the writ, and directed the petitioners to at once file their answer to the writ of prohibition. The writ was entered on behalf of the defendants, and the case was set for Thursday.

**Northern California Teachers.**  
SHASTA RETREAT, Aug. 27.—The closing session of the Teachers' Association of Northern California was held here today. Reports showed membership of 474, with an attendance of about 150. The Retreat was selected for the purpose of holding the association, to be held the first week in August next year. The following officers were elected: President, G. H. Stout, Yreka; second Vice-president, Miss Kimball, Chico; secretary, Miss Kate Aymes; treasurer, Mrs. Dittmar, Redding.

**A Deaf Mute Robbed.**  
SACRAMENTO, Aug. 27.—Annle Blackwell, a deaf mute, who was home in Fulton, Mo., was made the victim of a confidence operator at Oakland this afternoon, and as a result lost \$250. She was stranded in the city, and was taken to a hotel by an old man, H. J. Hinkel, befriended her on the steamer from Portland, where he had met her mother some ago. At Oakland he obtained her purse containing \$250, saying he would buy her railroad ticket. That is the last she saw of him. Hinkel is about 60 years old.

**Brigantine Blakely Ashore.**  
PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.), Aug. 27.—Brigantine Blakely, thirty days from Bering Sea, went ashore at 7 o'clock this morning during a fog on Duane Spit, one mile from the light. Capt. McFee of the Blakely claimed the fog whistle was not blowing. The tug Resolute pulled at the vessel for some time, but was unable to move her. The sea was smooth and it is believed the vessel can be floated at the next flood tide.

**Only a Windmill Aloft.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—News has been received here that the hull of the bark Matilda, wrecked on the Washington coast a week ago, has gone down. The bark was the one that ply between Puget Sound and Alaska ports. She has only a windmill above the water, and cannot easily be seen at night.

The next steamer to be seen on the coast is the Portland, which is bringing Klondike passengers and gold from St. Michaels.

**Busy Month for Shippers.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—Wheat is going to make August one of the busiest months of the year in shipping circles. Already twenty-six vessels have sailed with cargoes of wheat at \$212,000. Of these, two went to Cape

Town, two to Rio de Janeiro and one for Callao. There are forty-four chartered vessels in port, twenty-two of which joined the list this week. Of these, nine will load in Oregon and Puget Sound.

**Valley Road Construction.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The construction gang of the Valley road, having completed the track into Vallejo, has been transferred to the line running from Hanford toward Bakersfield. Seventy men are at work laying track at a point sixty-five miles northward from San Francisco. They will lay at once ten or twelve miles of track in order to get trains down to a point where a large quantity of wheat awaits shipment.

**Esata and His Creditors.**  
OAKLAND, Aug. 27.—Carlos Esata, the ex-President of Salvator, who for a year past has been making his home in this city, is having trouble with his creditors. The last suit filed against him by a creditor was for \$2500 for house rent. Several small suits have been filed against the ex-President in Justice Clift's court, but all of these have been compromised by his wife.

**Evidence in Rebuttal.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—After listening all the morning to the argument of counsel in the Fiegel case as to the admissibility of documentary evidence tending to show a motive for suicide by Isaac Hoffman, Judge Campbell decided to permit the defense to introduce such evidence in reasonable limit in order to rebut that of the prosecution as to the domestic relations of the deceased.

**Not Like the Andrews Case.**  
PALO ALTO, Aug. 27.—President Jordan of Stanford University denies the published report that Prof. Ross has been dismissed from his chair on account of his public advocacy of free silver during the Presidential campaign. He has simply been transferred to the department of social science, the change being made necessary by the return of Prof. Amos G. Warner from Europe.

**Hop-Pickers in Demand.**  
SANTA ROSA, Aug. 27.—There is a general complaint here of the lack of help, and from many quarters come appeals for laborers. The price for picking hops has advanced from 75 cents a hundred pounds to \$1, and even at that figure pickers cannot be had to supply the demand.

**All Due to Fire.**  
SANTA CRUZ, Aug. 27.—This afternoon J. W. Peery's sawmill, near Boulder Creek, was burned. The fire fell on the mill, and the mill was destroyed. The Boulder Creek train and cutting off telegraphic and telephonic communication with that place.

**Mrs. Thorold a Pilot.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—Mrs. Eliza Thorold, widow of Capt. Charles Thorold, today received her license as pilot of the tugboat Ethel and Marion, having successfully passed the necessary examination.

**Sylvester Newhall Dead.**  
SAN JOSE, Aug. 27.—Sylvester Newhall, a pioneer nurseryman and prominent citizen, died here today.

**Wonderful Explosive.**  
NEITHER LIQUID NOR SOLID NOR YET A POWDER.

Two Young Chicagoans Invent What They Call Mirex and Say They Can Annihilate Navies—Cheaper Than Torpedoes.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—A small brass projectile, measuring 4 1/2 inches, was thrown in the lake by Van Buren Street from government pier, and at a depth of five feet it exploded. A volume of water spouted twenty-five feet into the air, and dead fish bobbed up to the surface and floated about, mute testimony to the destructiveness of the explosive.

The name of this explosive, which is the discovery of two Chicago men, is mirex. From recent experiments its inventors claim it is not a wild state to state that mirex will revolutionize modern warfare. Unlike the marine torpedo, the most perfect device known to naval engineers, mirex is a comparatively small brass casing, can be thrown from a cannon at any distance desired under twenty miles, and dropping into the water at the side of a man-of-war, will sink at a stated depth and explode with annihilating results. No wire has to be connected with the projectile, as is the case with the submarine torpedo.

The mirex can be dropped and pierce the steel armor of a gunboat, but it simply settles in the water to a depth of five, ten, twenty or any number of feet the operator may wish, and then explodes. Its discoverers are Herman G. Pfeffer, a salesman for Browning, King & Co., and William S. Darley, connected with the Glenfrost Hosiery Company, a wealthy former Philadelphian, has such faith in the virtue of mirex as a destroyer of ships and navies that he is backing it liberally with his money.

Mr. Pfeffer is a modest man of 23 years. In speaking of the explosive, he said: "It is neither liquid nor solid, nor is it a gas. While it is permeating with Darley and myself smoke our pipes and handle it as we would so much sand. It is an odd and wonderful mixture, and its name gives nothing of its character. By its depth we desire, the explosion depending on the quantity and quality of the explosive we place in the projectile. We are now having a gun model constructed in Chicago, and within six weeks this cannon will be finished and presented to the United States Navy Department. It will throw a projectile 8 1/2 inches long and 3 1/2 inches in diameter. This will blow into atoms any ship that will float in the lake. Each one of these shells will cost about \$25 cheaper than torpedoes now in use and far more accurate and destructive."

Mr. Darley is only 19 years of age. He will not divulge the character of the new explosive. The projectile used in these experiments is about the size of a giant firecracker, and the ends of the cylinder are closed with a substance that looks like tinfoil. Mr. Darley was once connected with the Navy Department.

**Lucretia Wants to Talk.**  
CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Owing to the sickness of the wife of Juror de Lester, one of the first four selected in the Lucretia trial, he was excused by consent today. Lucretia persists in demanding permission to address the jury during trial, and his obstinacy in troubling his counsel, who fear he will create a scene which will prejudice the case.

**Steamer Corcoran a Total Loss.**  
LONDON, Aug. 27.—A dispatch received here says that the British steamer Corcoran, from Callao via Valparaiso for New York, before reported having sailed with a cargo of 10,000 tons of Magellan, is a total loss.

## STRUCK A CHAMPION.

**COAL MERCHANT ANDREW'S LANDS ON DIXON'S JAW.**

The Business Man Did not Like "Niggers" and Objected to the Fight Protesting.

**THEN COMES SLUGGER WALCOTT**

**HE SENDS THE LOUD-MOUTHED WHITE MAN SPINNING.**

Boston Loses First Place in the League Race—New York Now Third—Ladies' Day at Willows.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—E. L. Andrews, a coal merchant, had a experience tonight that he will not forget in a hurry. Andrews was on his way to the ferry in a street car in which were sitting Joe Walcott, who conquered George Green last night, the manager of the club, and George Dixon, Andrews, who knew his fellow-passengers, began to denounce "niggers," especially prize fighters, when Dixon entered a mild protest, to which Andrews responded with a blow on the little fellow's jaw.

O'Rourke intervened, and further trouble was averted until the ferry landing was reached, when Walcott, boiling over with rage, caught Andrews a right-hander on the jaw, sending him a dozen feet across the road. Andrews retreated, and the sluggers caught their boat.

**A PAYING FIGHT.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The gross receipts of the Green-Walcott fight were exactly \$8000. Of this sum Tom O'Rourke, Joe Walcott's manager, took \$2500, leaving \$5500 for the club, which will split the pot 50-50.

Brady's carnival of sports, which he proposed to hold in Carson or Reno in October, has been declared off.

**LADIES' DAY AT WILLOWS.**

Corday a Surprise in the Three-year-old Trot.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]  
WILLOWS, August 27.—Today was ladies' day at the race course, and there was a large attendance. The 2:40 pace for a \$300 purse was the first event called. Arthur W. sold favorite, and made good his backing by taking the first three heats. The four entries in the three-year-old trot for \$500 were Doctor J. Lynam, Central Girl and Corday. Doctor J. sold favorite before the first heat was stepped off, but started in bad shape, went into the air at the quarter post and barely saved his distance. Lynam won the heat, coming under the wire in a walk, but in the following three heats Corday got in good work, coming in first each time, much to the surprise of the talent. Summary:

The 2:40 pace, purse \$300: Arthur W. won, Eliza B. second, Teddy the Roan third; best time 2:17 1/2.

Three-year-old trot, purse



## GIANT FIRECRACKER.

ITS EXPLOSION ACTED AS A SIGNAL TO POLICE.

Limbs of the Law Fire on a Crowd in Yucatan and Kill a Woman and Two Men.

OUT CAME THE MILITIAMEN.

NINE DEAD AND MANY INJURED ADDED TO THE SCORE.

President Diaz Orders the Arrest of All Officials Implicated—The Tragedy an Outgrowth of Opposition to Peon.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Correspondence of the Herald from Merida, Yucatan, under date of August 17, says: "Twelve persons were killed and several injured in a riot which occurred in the plaza in front of the municipal palace last Sunday evening. The cause of the outbreak seems to be the prejudice of the police, who attacked the people because of their opposition to the candidacy of Señor Carlos Peon, the present Governor of Yucatan, who sought reelection. The Governor instructed the Chief of Police to fire upon the crowd in case of an outbreak. The Chief ignored his instructions because of a refusal of the Governor to reduce them to writing, and as a result the Governor delegated one of his aides as acting Chief of Police.

"While the crowd was gathering around the plaza on Sunday night, Pastor Remon Ramirez, one of the Governor's party, threw a giant firecracker in front of the Police Station. It exploded, and, as though acting on a signal, the police fired on the crowd, killing one woman and two men. The crowd immediately scattered.

"News reached the headquarters of the National Guard, and a detachment came out and commenced firing on the crowd. They killed many persons and injured many more. News of the riots was at once sent to President Diaz, and he ordered the arrest of all the officials connected with the affair. These officials are under arrest. Alvaro Manzanillo, formerly treasurer of the municipality; Ricardo Pineda, Augustin Gamboa and Señor Miguel of the Governor's party and Col. R. Francisco Irujo, Deputy Chief of Police, are under arrest.

Don. Garcia, commander of the troops in Yucatan, was placed in charge of the government here during the absence of Señor Peon, who has been summoned to Mexico by President Diaz.

## LICKED THE AFRIDIS.

GEN. BIGGS'S FORCES DRIVE BACK THE TRIBESMEN.

The Village of Lan Burned by the Heathen—Swat Tribes Pay a Fine for Revolting—No Attack Anticipated on Samania Range.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

LONDON, Aug. 27.—By Atlantic Cable. A special from Simla says the Daulatzi tribe of Afridis near Kohal descended from the hills in strong force during Thursday night, and attacked and captured the village of Lan, setting fire to the buildings, nearly all of which were destroyed.

Gen. Biggs, commanding the force at Kohal, having heard of the Afridis' plans, had prepared a force on Friday morning and attacked the enemy. After sharp fighting the Afridis were driven back to the hills with heavy losses. The British loss consisted of one Sepoy killed, and a native officer and two Sepoys wounded.

THAT'S SWAT.

SIMLA, Aug. 27.—The upper Swat tribes on the right bank of the river have paid a fine of 20,000 rupees for revolting against the government.

Gen. Blood's column returned to Thana yesterday. All is quiet at Shabkadar.

It is believed at Simla that the Orkiziris are not sufficiently in earnest to attack the British posts on the Samania range.

## A FRESH "RESERVE."

Shoots His Gun Off and Wounds Two Army Miners.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

TOLEDO (O.) Aug. 27.—A member of the Toledo company of Naval Reserves fired upon a special train carrying a battalion of the Seventeenth United States Infantry at Mingo Junction at 8 o'clock this morning. The musicians of the Sixteenth, Fifteenth and McDonald, were slightly injured, and the side of the car was filled with shot.

A. H. Gould, a member of the Toledo Naval Reserve, was arrested here when the train arrived this afternoon. He confessed that he fired his gun out of the window while in close proximity to the Pennsylvania train, but says he thought he was using a blank cartridge. He had some blank shells and some loaded with him. He thinks he must have made a mistake. He is heart-broken over the affair.

## MWANGAB LOST.

The Zanzibar King Now a Prisoner of the Germans.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ZANZIBAR, Aug. 27.—[By Atlantic Cable.] King Mwangab left Uganda City July 6 to organize a rising at Budda against the government. The King's forces were defeated July 20 by Deputy Commissioner Major Tarnay. The King escaped to German territory and surrendered to the Germans, who are detaining him.

## Booth-Tucker's Poor Farms.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The World says Commander Booth-Tucker returns to America filled with enthusiasm over his plan to colonize poor people on small farms in the west. He submitted the plan to Gen. Booth in London, and it was commended by the leader of the Salvationists in every detail.

Well-known Railroad Man Dead.

RENO (Nev.) August 27.—W. E. Wicker, contracting freight agent for the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company, with headquarters in San Francisco, died suddenly in his room here at 2:30 o'clock this morning of heart disease. He was 43 years of age, and well and favorably known all over this coast.

## A Postoffice Dynamited.

DUBLIN, Aug. 27.—The postoffice at Lanelborough, county Longford, was dynamited at 2 o'clock this morning. The front of the building was destroyed, but nobody was injured.

## THE KAY MURDER.

A Bundle of Bloody Clothing Found on Pike's Peak.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

COLORADO SPRINGS (Colo.) Aug. 27.—Another sensational development occurred today in the Kay murder case. This afternoon a young man discovered a bundle of bloodstained underclothes and a flannel shirt in the crevice of a rock about five hundred feet above the Manitou and Pike's Peak Railroad depot. The clothes are believed to belong to the men who murdered Kay, and answer in every detail to the description of the clothes which John B. Edmunds was known to have been wearing when he was last seen in this city, a few days prior to the murder.

The bloodstains are accounted for by the supposition that the murderer held the body in his arms, the head against his breast, and the feet trailing on the ground, when he dragged it to the cult where it was found.

## AN IMPORTANT OPINION.

ATTY-GEN. MCKENNA AND THE DISCRIMINATING DUTY.

The Administration's Law Officer Has Prepared a Special Opinion Concerning Which He Will Confer With Secretary Gage Before Making It Public.

[BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—[Special Dispatch.] Atty-Gen. McKenna has completed the draft of his opinion with regard to the 10 per cent. discriminating duty on indirect importations. He will forward it to the Treasury Department immediately, and will have a conference concerning it with Secretary Gage before its publication.

The text of the opinion has been as carefully guarded as a President's message, and all suggestions as to its contents are said to be guess-work.

WAS IT A BUNCO?

MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.) Aug. 27.—Ex-Senator Washburn is quite emphatic in his denunciation of section 22 of the Dingley Bill, which is said to levy a 10-per cent. discriminating duty on foreign goods imported by way of Canada. He expresses himself as follows: "In my opinion, the Conference Committee was unwise. I believe the clause was put in the bill by someone outside the committee with the idea that it might be a general impression of the intention of Congress."

## COWED BY FOREIGNERS.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING MINERS NOT ALLOWED TO WORK.

Coleraine Strikers Drive Out One Thousand Men Employed at Milneville—Operators Do a Little Quiet Work.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

HAZELTON (Pa.) Aug. 27.—When the Coleraine strikers reached Milneville, this evening, after passing through this city, they drove the 1000 men employed there from the strip-pings and breakers, shutting down the mines completely. The excitement was intense. The streets were crowded, great crowds going to this city to Milneville with the strikers.

Tonight a meeting was held, and the Hungarians decided to stand by the Coleraine workers for an increase of wages. A joint meeting will be held tomorrow. The English-speaking miners would go to work at once, but the foreigners are largely in the majority and will not permit it.

## OPERATORS' RUSE.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 27.—Coal operators of the Pittsburgh division have not been asleep during the past few days. The impression in certain circles that there would be no attempt made to start the mines seems to have been established for a purpose, and that purpose was to divert the attention of the miners of this district.

It was given out that the Cleveland operators had gone to their homes for the ostensible purpose of awaiting the result of the St. Louis convention. Some of them went, but others did not. Those remaining behind were members of the newly-appointed committee whose duty it is to perfect the arrangements for starting some of the mines and break the strike. One of the first moves was to get in touch with the railroad companies. It was made very apparent that the railroads were losing a large amount of business, and that they were fellow-sufferers with the coal operators. The expense of getting imported labor into the district was discussed, and the railroad companies agreed to share their portion of the outlay.

After this agreement was made the work of hiring imported labor was taken charge of by a special sub-committee. Just when they will be brought into the district cannot be learned. Barring and McSweeney's detective agency on Fourth avenue has been hiring men for the last day or two to guard miners, and it is said have secured over one hundred. It was reported that they were to be sent to mines on the panhandle, which are to be started in pursuance of the agreement made in Cleveland. This was denied by the superintendent of the agency, who said they were for a mine in Central Pennsylvania, though he would not disclose where it was.

## THE FORESTERS.

Detroit Selected for the Next Meeting Place—New Ritual.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

DENVER, Aug. 27.—By a unanimous vote this afternoon the Foresters' Supreme Council in session here selected Detroit as the next meeting place for 1898. There was practically no opposition.

Considerable discussion was engendered by a motion to eliminate the endowment plan of the order, but it finally carried. The Ritual Committee reported favorably on the new ritual, and it was adopted.

## Prosperity Hog.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.) Aug. 27.—At a sale of Poland China hogs here today a word named Kievers' Model sold for \$500. This is the largest price ever paid for a hog. It was purchased by a syndicate known as the Kievers' Model Breeding Association.

## FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A New York dispatch says the American Fire Insurance Company of that city has changed hands. The offer made by the Manchester Fire Insurance Company of England some time ago was accepted, and while the company will be run separately as in the past, the stock of the American company will be owned and governed by the English syndicate.

## CUESTAS IS HATED.

BORDA'S DEATH WILL NOT END URUGUAY'S WAR.

The President of the Revolutionary Committee Says His People are not Reconciled.

THEIR DEMANDS MUST BE MET.

ASSASSIN ARREDONDO ONE OF THE PRESIDENT'S PARTY.

Murdered the Head of the State to Save His Country from Bad Government—Congress to Meet at Once.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: "The president of the Uruguayan Revolutionary Committee in this city expressed great regret at the assassination of President Borda of Uruguay, and declares that the revolutionary party is guiltless of any complicity. He further declares that Señor Cuestas, who has been chosen President ad interim, will do his utmost to pacify the country, as he is generally hated in Uruguay as was President Borda. The war, he says, will continue if Congress does not allow the demands of the rebels."

## ARREDONDO'S ASSERTIONS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Montevideo says the revolutionists have declared that the assassination of President Borda will have no effect upon their future. The war will continue.

Arredondo, the military officer who shot President Borda, reiterated his statement that he had no accomplices. He now says, however, that he murdered the President to save his country from bad government. The fact that he and all his family belong to the "Colorados," the party of which Señor Borda was the leader, seems to prove that the revolutionists had nothing to do with the crime.

Congress will assemble at once to consider the situation. In the mean time the President ad interim, Señor José Cuestas, is taking steps to form a new cabinet. Don Francisco Bana has been named Minister of the Interior.

All the leading military commanders are coming to Montevideo to consult with the new administration as to what policy to adopt against the rebels.

In the meantime reports from the field show no decrease in the fighting. Gen. Flores has issued a manifesto calling for a complete union of the "Colorados" against the rebels.

## THOSE ALLIED POWERS.

A DEFINITE TREATY SAID TO HAVE BEEN SIGNED.

The French and Russian Foreign Ministers Confer in the Presence of Their Masters—German and Austrian Press Endeavors to Minimize the Event.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 27.—[By Atlantic Cable.] It is semi-officially announced today that a conference between the French and Russian Ministers of Foreign Affairs has been held, first in the Czar's presence and afterward in that of President Faure, and that the results were most satisfactory for the interests of France and Russia and for the peace of the world.

## A DEFINITE TREATY.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Times Paris correspondent declares that a definite treaty has been signed on board the French cruiser Pothuau.

It is said that the treaty proposed at the banquet on the cruiser were drawn up at Wednesday's conference, thus enabling M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, to renounce his intention of remaining in Russia for a few days after President Faure's departure.

## TALKING IT OVER.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Nothing is known as to when the terms of the alliance between France and Russia will be announced, but it is rumored that they will not be published yet.

The German press illy conceals its surprise and chagrin at the conclusion of the treaty, and the assertion that it makes no difference, as the Czar will not sanction any scheme for French revenge on Germany.

The Austrian press, to renounce its endeavor to minimize the importance of the treaty, The Pester Lloyd declares that it is a "tandem bicycle alliance," in which Russia steers in the pathway of peace.

The Opinion of Rome refuses to believe that any change has taken place in the European status quo, unless the terms of the alliance are published, proving the change.

## FRANCE WANTS A LOAN.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Financial News says the French Cabinet is considering the floating of a loan of £50,000,000 in 2½ per cent. bonds, partly for the redemption of the floating debt and partly for the reconstruction of the French navy.

## THE PLATE SYSTEM.

It Makes a Difference in the Manufacture of Nails.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CINCINNATI (O.) Aug. 27.—The Commercial Tribune special from Anderson, Ind., says the American Wire Nail Company, having expended \$70,000 in improving their plant with machinery, has announced the scale for the wire department, which is a slight increase above the average scale of like plants in the country, but a cut in the years' scale, and is due to the introduction of the plate system.

The company will treat with the men only as individuals. Last night a notice was posted by the company notifying 300 men that they would be given until Friday evening to remove their tools and personal effects from the factory.

## Lost Gold on the Mexico.

ASHLAND (W.Va.) Aug. 27.—The Gold Lake Mining Company, the head of which is ex-Gov. Swineford, was thrown into consternation by the news that 2000 pounds of valuable gold ore belonging to the company went down in the steamer Mexico. It was not known that the company's representative had shipped it by that boat until today.

## FOUGHT AN OFFICER.

Bloody Affray in a First-Street Saloon—Two Arrests.

Police Officer C. N. Baker had an exciting encounter with several men and two women in the Fountain Saloon on East First street yesterday evening. For a while it looked as if the officer would get the worst of it, but with the assistance of a citizen who came to his rescue, he finally landed two of his assailants in the City Jail, likewise in the Receiving Hospital.

The prisoners, or patients, whichever is the more appropriate name, were H. H. Schoneman and W. Hutchinson. They were having refreshments in the saloon with two off-color females who used to do the hula-hula in a notorious Alameda-street dive, known as the Octagon Joint. The party were rather noisy when Officer Baker dropped in, in citizens' clothes. He cautioned them to keep quiet, but the roysterers, not knowing he was an officer, resented his interference as a piece of impertinence.

Baker then told them he was an officer and that he intended to see that order was maintained. The order was skeptical as to his authority, proceeded to take a fall out of him. Baker is a tall young Kentuckian and has good fighting blood. The enemy were too many for him, however, and he was getting pretty well pounded up, for the meles had become general, when a citizen started in to help the officer. He knocked down one of Baker's assailants three times hand-running. This gave the officer courage to get out his handcuffs which he used to beat his adversaries over the head.

Schoneman and Hutchinson presented a gory spectacle after they had been beaten into submission. Blood ran in streams from cuts on their heads, and their eyes were almost swollen shut. Officer Baker had a few big lumps on his jaw himself.

The prisoners were booked for disturbing the peace, and consigned to the Receiving Hospital for repairs. After their wounds were dressed they were released on \$100 bail. Kiefer & Co.'s check for that amount being deposited with the clerk.

Schoneman is leader of the Schoneman-Blanchard Orchestra, and Hutchinson is said to be the son of a prominent citizen of Pomona.

## A MISSING WIFE.

Harry O'Dell is Looking for His Fickle Spouse.

Lost—A wife, from the house of Harry O'Dell; a woman, tall, semiblonde and a lover of the good things in this life. Any one furnishing information as to her whereabouts or the woman will oblige Mr. O'Dell and give the policeman on the beat a much needed rest.

That is the way Mr. O'Dell should have worded his advertisement a week ago, but he didn't, and consequently the policeman on the beat, as well as Mr. O'Dell's many friends, are weary listening to his complaints.

It seems that Mr. O'Dell married a country girl, and brought her to Los Angeles. She was pretty, healthy and willing to be agreeable. O'Dell was in the book business, but a friend, Frank O. Charger, got him to invest in the A. B. C. lunch concern. The lunches were put up in boxes where the buyer couldn't see 'em, and small boys sold them about the streets for 10 cents per box. Charger and Mrs. O'Dell managed the lunch business. O'Dell collected the bills. For this reason O'Dell "was out considerably," as he says, and while out some base deceiver, whether his partner, Charger, or not is not known, stole his tall, chestnut-blond wife and ran away with her.

This was no case of calling it a romance. It was a plain, straight out from the shoulder "skip" on the part of Mrs. O'Dell. The policeman on the beat can tell that, for O'Dell has tarnished his coat with the bitter tears he has shed when telling of his troubles.

Mrs. O'Dell was, as stated, a country girl. She was used to real butter, real cream and such things. She soon tired of sawing roast beef into slices at the A. B. C. lunch factory and longed for the green fields and well-filled larder of her parents' home.

She wanted to go home to ma. O'Dell sent her. About the same time his partner wanted to go home to his ma. O'Dell told him to go. Now O'Dell is kicking against hard luck because neither his wife nor partner went to see ma.

After ascertaining that his wife had not been under the parental roof since he had led her there from a bride, O'Dell with a horse and buggy searched the country but without success. He returned to Los Angeles and started in to hunt up his lost partner. There was no blood in his eye and he didn't want anybody's gore, but he did want to know where his tall, shapely chestnut-blond wife had gone. He could find his partner and hence told his troubles to the policeman.

There isn't much more to the story. Commonplace, merely some fellow's wife running off with some other fellow. "Gone with a handsome man."

## Lucky Boy Burglars.

The residence of Sanford Robinson, No. 316 North Beaudry avenue was broken into Wednesday afternoon by thieves, who carried off plunder valued at about \$500. The burglary was traced to boys living in the neighborhood, and several of the youngsters were arrested. The stolen property was recovered, but of regard for the boys' parents, Mr. Robinson refused to prosecute the youthful criminals. They were accordingly discharged with the warning that they would not be off so easy next time. The robbery took place while the family was absent.

## Gen. Hawley on President McKinley.

[Springfield, Republican.] Being asked what he had to say concerning President McKinley, Senator Hawley said: "Mr. McKinley never had bitter enemies, but he stands higher in the estimation of the whole country than ever before—not only as a man of sagacity and courage, but as a cheery, hopeful and courageous gentleman. Veteran combatants on the Democratic side of Congress speak of his personal bearing toward them in terms of the highest satisfaction. The machinery of the administration is working smoothly and successfully. Before he was President many persons doubtless thought him a man of easy and pliable temper. So he is in a good sense. But he has developed a military promptness and vigor of judgment and action that have raised him in the estimation of those who see most of the interior of political life. He can say 'No' like Gen. Grant, or like President Arthur, who had the tact to deny a request and make the applicant happy at the same time. He is very greatly pleased by the successful upshot of the extra session. He called it in his opposition to the large majority of his correspondents. I was told that it was useless to expect a tariff bill to pass, as the Republicans hadn't and couldn't have a majority in the Senate. He took the view that the country expected a revision of the tariff; that delay would be almost cruel; that the anxieties and uncertainties of industries in general should be relieved, and that should a hostile Senate kill a tariff bill, the Republican party would show that it had done all in its power to help the country and to avoid the selling of bonds in time of peace. I hope I am not vain, but I take great pleasure that I am one of those who wrote Mr. McKinley very largely of the country's needs and necessity of an extra session. He referred to the fact in conversation the other

## A Full Set of Teeth

Only \$5.00

Lowest Prices Consistent With First-Class Work.

Extracting with our local anaesthetic. . . . . \$ .50  
Extracting with gas, or Vitalized Air. . . . . 1.00  
Cleaning Teeth. . . . . .50 up  
Pure gold fillings. . . . . 1.00 up  
All other fillings. . . . . .50 up  
Gold crowns, solid 22k. . . . . 4.00 up  
Porcelain crowns. . . . . 3.00 up  
Partial rubber plates. . . . . 3.50 up  
Gold or porcelain bridge work. . . . . 4.00 up  
Full Set of Teeth. . . . . 5.00 up

No charge for extracting when best teeth are ordered. Consultation and examination free. All work very best and guaranteed.

Jan. 28, 1897.  
This is to certify that I have this morning had twenty-two teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman, without a bit of pain nor after effects, and I heartily recommend his method.  
MRS. S. S. LAMPROY.  
123 E. Fifth.



Our New Process

Of Flexible Dental Plates is as yet but little known by the public and less understood by dentists in general. It has many advantages over the ordinary rubber plate, even gold plates—being lighter, and thinner. This plate being flexible, no thicker than heavy writing paper, fits closer to the mouth, will last longer, and is tougher than any other rubber. Once tried no other plates will be desirable. Brought to the notice of the public through Dr. Schiffman only. Office Hours: 8 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. Lady attendant to wait on Ladies and Children.

Schiffman Method Dental Co.

ROOMS 20 to 26.  
107 North Spring St.  
Telephone M. 185.

March 6, 1897.  
I have just had ten teeth extracted without a particle of pain; the Schiffman method is fine.  
M. K. GLENN.  
2800 S. Main st.  
June 12, 1897.  
I am delighted with the treatment here. I had a tooth extracted and suffered no pain.  
MRS. U. J. FARNSWORTH.  
517½ West First st.  
June 20, 1897.  
Have had a back tooth extracted by Dr. Schiffman today, absolutely without pain to the operator, as well as to the patient.  
W. M. RANDALL.  
2044 W. Adams st.  
June 20, 1897.  
I take pleasure in saying that Dr. Schiffman pulled my teeth without pain, and they were corks, too.  
N. W. HUSK.  
235½ South Spring st.  
July 1, 1897.  
It is with pleasure that I speak of the most excellent work of Dr. Schiffman. He pulled twelve teeth for me without the least pain or even discomfort.  
J. W. HILLS.  
Gardens Grove, Orange county, Cal.  
April 7, 1897.  
Two badly ulcerated roots; a splendid, safe and easy operation.  
REV. SELAH W. BROWN.  
University.  
July 14, 1897.  
Just had two very hard teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman without a bit of pain. Dr. Schiffman is a "dandy" to pull teeth.  
J. GRAHAM.  
Deputy Sheriff, L. A.  
I have had three teeth extracted without pain by Dr. Schiffman.  
MISS LEO BLESSINGTON.  
628 Buena Vista st.

Bright,  
Up-to-date,  
Picturesque,  
Metropolitan.The  
Sunday  
Times

For August 29, 1897.

NEWS OF THE WORLD,  
NEWS OF THE CITY,  
NEWS OF SISTER TOWNS,  
NEWS OF THE SEASIDE,  
NEWS OF THE MOUNTAINS.

## Special Features:

MR. DANA OF THE SUN...

A Chat with the Veteran Editor About Himself; by Frank G. Carpenter.

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At an early date *The Times* will publish an elaborate, carefully prepared and informing issue devoted to exploring the rich mining fields lying in the great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral entrepot of this vast region.

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## "THE BATTLE OF TARIFFS."

Ex-Postmaster-General Wilson has been in the July issue of *Munsey's Magazine*, under the above title. It is a lame attempt to disparage the new tariff law by comparing it with the measure which it superseded, of which Mr. Wilson was the nominal author, but which was so roughly handled in the Senate that the author scarcely knew his offspring when it was returned to the House for approval. Mr. Wilson declares that "the Dingley Bill is, in the main, a reproduction of the McKinley Bill, and tends to still more accomplish the avowed purpose of the latter, to check imports." He says, further, that "under the McKinley Bill our total imports for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, were \$866,000,000 in value, and under the law of 1894 (the Wilson Bill) our total imports for the fiscal year 1896 were \$779,000,000." Thus, from his own figures, it appears that the imports for the years named were \$87,000,000 greater under the McKinley law than under the Wilson law; which plainly goes to show that either Mr. Wilson's figures are incorrect or his logic is at fault.

If he proves anything, he proves the exact opposite of what he intends. But in fact he proves nothing. The total volume of imports under a given law is of less account than the terms upon which foreign goods are admitted to our ports. Imports may be large in volume under a protective tariff law, and they may be comparatively light under a "revenue tariff" law. But if the imports are heavy under a protective tariff, they are so because the people are prosperous, money is plenty and the current purchasers of imported goods are well as of domestic products as liberal. If the imports are light under a revenue tariff, they are so because trade is stagnant, and consumers have but little money to purchase goods, either foreign or domestic, notwithstanding the low duties on the former. In the case of heavy imports under a protective law, the treasury is benefited by correspondingly heavy revenues, and has no need to borrow money. In the case of light imports under a revenue tariff the treasury balance is very apt to show a deficit, and the borrowing of money to pay current expenses becomes a necessity. Such was actually the case during the whole life of the Wilson law, as is too well remembered. By reason of the insufficient revenue which it furnished the interest-bearing debt of the nation was increased by over \$262,000,000.

Prof. Wilson further says that "the deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, was \$1,776,994." During the campaign of last year it was frequently asserted by orators and organs opposed to the Republican cause that "there was a large deficit at the close of the Harrison administration." As everybody knows who knows anything about the matter, the McKinley law furnished an abundance of revenue up to the time when its repeal was assured by the national election of 1892, which placed Grover Cleveland in the Presidential chair, upon an avowedly free-trade platform. Had the McKinley law remained in unchanged operation there would have been no deficit in the national revenues. Each

year, under the Cleveland administration, showed a treasury deficit, which in one year amounted to over \$69,000,000.

Mr. Wilson is liberal in his assertions, direct or inferential, that a protective tariff is a tax on the consumer; but he fails to cite any instance in which the price of a commodity has been increased by this "tax," nor does he tell of the numberless instances in which the prices of products subject to a high rate of protection have steadily fallen, often to a point considerably below the amount of duty.

He is especially unfortunate in his reference to the surplus on hand in the treasury. He "points with pride" to the fact that the treasury contains \$130,000,000, exclusive of the gold reserve, which is available for meeting any temporary deficiency, and he thinks this amount is ample for three years to come, even if the depression should continue. When we remember that the comfortable surplus to which Prof. Wilson refers is borrowed money, upon which the government is paying interest, it becomes apparent that the boast is not very well-timed, if it is intended as a commendation or a vindication of the Wilson law and the Cleveland administration. As to the contingency of the possible continuance of "the depression," Prof. Wilson may dismiss his forebodings. The period of depression virtually ended when William McKinley was elected President. Improvement in the business situation began from that date. It has continued in ever-increasing volume down to the present time, and the end is not yet.

The fol-de-rol of delay has begun in the case of Ben Hill, the wife murderer, who was to have been hanged at San Quentin yesterday. This shameful juggling with justice is but a breeder of more shameful things on the part of an outraged people. If the organization of vigilance committees are recommended in this State, the lawyers and the courts will be responsible for it, and when those deterrents of crime are in active operation it is not improbable that some of the lawyers who are so expert on demurrers and things may find a hempen necktie dangling within reach of their worthless necks. Some samples of English promptness in the conviction and punishment of criminals in this State will do more to increase respect for the law than a hundred volumes of able editorials bemoaning the practice of lynching. These outrageous delays in the execution of convicted persons should "be heard to cease."

Again we are informed that the Kansas Populists hope to make a fusion of the Free Silver Republicans and Democrats, along with themselves, of course, upon an issue of "opposition to the Federal courts." As something unique in the way of issues, this is great, but weak and wobbly as it is, it is certainly an improvement on free silver. If this issue does not work next time they can "resolute" that the "laws of nature" are contrary to Populist taste, and must be repealed, also that death must be abolished. When the Kansas crank starts in to regulate things there is no limit to his capacity as a talker, so we may reasonably expect him to start in on infinite things as soon as he has the world thoroughly regulated to his satisfaction. The Kansas Pop is a birdling of the prairie.

England appears to be in the midst of serious trouble with its fanatical wards in India, "where the famine comes from," and Mr. Kilpling may yet have a chance to report a war on ground with which he is more or less familiar. This outbreak confirms the impression that if England has not a conflict of some kind on hand, there is a feeling abroad in the land that it is not living up to its reputation. There is certainly an appearance of warm times ahead for Tommy Atkins, and the "soldiers three" should be able to extract from the situation some most juicy adventures along the lines of the fascinating Rudyard's lively imagination.

One agricultural county in Kansas reports the release of over \$60,000 in chattel and real-estate mortgages since August 1, and not half the grain crop yet through the threshing machine. The prospects for a change of complexion in Kansas politics are most brilliant, and the whoop of the calamity howler may be expected to give way to the glad laughter of maidens and the scream of the eagle shouting the glories of Republicanism of the good old broad-gauge, copper-riveted, stalwart kind.

The more the silvercrats try to explain the whys and wherefores of the discrepancy between the price of wheat and the price of silver, the more they give away their case. There are moments when even a silvercrat crank ought to know enough to keep still, and

just at this juncture there are several of them.

There is danger that the fair fame of California is about to be sullied by the lynching of an apparently insane man at Colusa, who is lying in jail at the point of death from two self-inflicted wounds, and the militia has been called out to prevent so deplorable an act. Thus we see the force of example, and how the fever of lynching spreads from one section of the country to another. Neither Colusa county nor California can afford to be disgraced by a lawless mob, and it is earnestly to be hoped that the authorities may be successful in their efforts to guard the person of the Colusa criminal until he can be brought before the bar of justice in a legal manner. Should he be lynched, there must be no let up until the guilty men are brought to punishment. California is a law-abiding State, the Vigilance Committee has had its day. Hangtown is no longer on the map. It is the duty of every patriotic citizen to stand fast in support of the constituted authorities and afford every accused individual his rights before the law. There must be no anarchy in California!

The way to arbitrate is to arbitrate. The miners and the coal-operators ought to be able to get together, without making ultimatums in advance. The situation is not one to contemplate with pleasure, and for the sake of all concerned an early settlement of the difficulty is one that will afford the entire country the greatest degree of satisfaction. There must be a golden mean upon which the two interests can unite. There should be wisdom and fairness enough among the miners and their employers to find it, and they could probably do so if the agitators and walking-delegates would keep their noses out of the business.

Enough wild and woolly stories of sudden riches continue to float down from the frosty North to keep the appetite of the would-be argonaut whetted to a keen edge, but again *The Times* would remark to him, in confidence, that Alaska is a big country, and if there is gold there in great quantities it will still be on deposit next spring and summer. The Gravel Banks will continue to pay dividends, no doubt, for a long time, but it is useless to try to get in front of the line and crowd people away from the teller's window. It is better to keep cool in California next winter than in Alaska.

A financial savant of the Bank of England makes the remark that America may expect no immediate influx of British gold; but we are not worrying. Our miners are digging out of British territory a considerable grist, and then we have a gold field in California which needs but to be pricked with the pick of the prospector to laugh in his face with a golden grin, as if Mother Earth had every last blooming tooth filled with the precious metal. America is all right, and England can keep its gold and continue to walk the floor with it.

The horseless carriage is also the harmless carriage, for the puller of it can't kick the daylight out of the dashboard, nor get its tail over the lines, nor balk in front of a train, nor shy at a bicycle, nor get frightened at a mule, nor eat hay, nor chew the bark off of shade trees, nor whinny, nor slip up on a wet street-car rail, nor run away with a hitching weight, and raise the dickens among a line of other carriages eight miles in length. The horseless and harmless carriage will be a welcome guest.

There is woe in Chicago. That statue of Columbus, which stood on the lake front for several years and drove people insane, but was toppled over some time ago, is going to be set up again in Jackson Park, and the deuce is to pay on the "sout site." There is a wall in the newspapers that resembles the howl of the wolf "on Ounalaska's lonely shore," and the next thing to be expected is the hiring of halls and the passage of resolutions against creating a nuisance that scares bicycles.

The chairman of the New York Democratic State Committee naively remarks that: "The recent fall in the price of silver and the rise in the price of wheat, has somewhat dampened the enthusiasm of the free-silver men of this city and State." This is not surprising, as it has been something of a shower, and the wetness is, oh! so cold. It is not improbable that a great many Democrats are going to get in out of it—those who know enough to seek a dry place when it rains.

The Superintendent of Schools says the vacation season cannot be changed because of the law. This is unfortunate, but we will doubtless have to put up with it until another session of the Legislature. When the proper time comes our lawmakers should see to it that such provision is made in the school law as will afford the children and their parents alike a chance to spend the torrid season at the seaside or wherever else fancy may call them to woo comfort.

The Italian Prince who scaled the icy peak of Mount St. Elias is in much better business than was his countryman who went through the farce of a duel the other day with a pauper scion of the French aristocracy. It is far better to mount the frame of a formidable mountain than to prick the abdomen of an adversary with a stabber and punch small holes in his linen, and become the laughing-stock of all Christendom.

Hoke Smith's Atlanta Journal smoothes its cry of calamity and comes up smiling with the pleasant

interrogatory: "Why not, after its long absence, spell prosperity with a big P?" There is gladness in the thought that there is any such thing to spell with any kind of a letter, and the joyousness takes on an added glow when one learns that the only Hoke has some of the good old stuff down his way.

Here is another whoop of prosperity from Hoke Smith's paper, the Atlanta Journal:

"The calamity howlers are becoming more lonesome every day, and nobody pays any attention to their walls. The facts are full of cheer and the hearts of the people are full of reasonable hope."

It is joyous to see how happy and gay and glad and gleeful is the only Hoke.

An ingenious Yankee proposes a line of electric sleighs to the Klondyke. That would probably be a great scheme if there was anything smoother than mountains 19,000 feet high and cañons 22,000 feet deep to run them on. A sleigh that could not fly at least half the time would never get more than a rod up in that country.

In the ordinary affairs of life bad news travels fast, but in the case of a gold strike it is the good news that goes bounding over the trail at break-neck speed, while the tales of the men who failed to strike it are buried with their dead bodies in the frozen wastes and stony silence of the mighty hills.

Judge Morrow of the United States Circuit Court at San Francisco has declared that nickel-in-the-slot machines are gambling devices, pure and simple, and not patentable, because they are not "new and useful inventions." This "ought to be a fairly good pointer to the police."

If the commercial value of a money metal "cuts no ice," how do our silver friends explain the need of keeping a \$20 piece at its present size—why not cut it in two, using just half as much metal and call each half twenty dollars?

That resolute old agriculturist, Jim Keene, has cleared up \$2,500,000 from his wheat crop in Wall street. It is gratifying to see the horny-handed son-of-a-gun who toils swathed by Prosperity's gladsome wave.

If one reads the news from Klondyke understandingly, it is too cold there in the winter to dig gravel and too wet in the summer to wash it. This information, taken in copious doses, should serve to cure the most acute case of Klondyctitis.

Whisky in Klondyke is said to be served with a saw. The blocks run in various sizes, according to the magnitude of the thirst, and the bibulous individual, instead of asking the bar-keeper to "set out the bottle," says "saw me off a wad."

It is almost as dangerous for a politician to travel on a pass as it is to write letters. If there are any unbelievers of this statement, ask William Jennings Bryan what he thinks about it.

Some heartless individual wants to import 200 Boston girls into Klondyke. It would seem as if the temperature was low enough up there now, without adding anything more to the frigidity.

They are going to build a soap factory in Hanford, and the Fresno Republican says "it will be a good thing for the town in more senses than one." All of which is a low-down Celtic remark.

The child who is born with a silver spoon in his mouth these days is not so many. It would be luckier to come into the world with a pocket full of wheat.

The gentleman by the name of Felts, who went up to Pike's Peak to fly with his new airship, didn't fly, but just naturally lit out.

Mr. Debs must have fallen down a coal shaft. Not a word has been heard from the agitator of the limber tongue for about two weeks.

A New York man claims to be the champion butcher of the world, and does not bar Weyer, even. He must be a hummer.

There is a young woman in Atchison, Kan., who saws wood, but it is a safe bet that she also talks simultaneously.

Mr. Harvey has not reported how "Coin's Financial School" is selling this summer. It would be interesting to know.

The fellows in the wheat pits are getting rubber-necked from watching the ascent of the price of the old stuff.

Two Chicago youths have discovered a new explosive which will blow a warship sky high at a cost of \$20.

A good many people appear to be coming home from their vacations to get rested up for the fall work.

The real simon-pure calamity howler with something to howl about is the man who is short on wheat.

If you see a pigeon flying in the air, don't shoot it; it may be one of Andrew's.

"Put me off at Buffalo" is what the veterans have been singing this week.

There was a hot time at the picnic Thursday night.

A Pretty Compliment.

(Pasadena Star.) "The trustees of the News and Workings" Home of Los Angeles have paid a pretty compliment to Ellen Beach Yaw by naming the institution the "Lark-Allen" home.

## RECENT LEGAL DECISIONS.

## Important and Interesting Points Decided by Courts.

The following items of legal news have been gleaned from court records by the Lawyers' Cooperative Publishing Company of Rochester, N. Y.

A statute exempting the proceeds of life insurance policies from liability for debts is held, in re Hellbron (Wash.) 35 L. R. A. 602, to be unconstitutional if given a retroactive effect by applying it to previously existing debts and policies.

A statute authorizing the killing of animals found neglected or abandoned, or which have become useless because of injuries, diseases or age, is held, in Loesch vs. Koehler (Ind.) 35 L. R. A. 682, to be unconstitutional as depriving the owner of property without due process of law and as it permits such killing without notice to him.

A patrol of strikers in front of a factory is held, in Vegeland vs. Gunter (Mass.) 35 L. R. A. 722, to be a private nuisance when instituted for the purpose of interfering with the business, and it is no justification that the motive or purpose of the strikers is to secure better wages.

The law as to contracts against public policy is held, in Doane vs. Chicago City Railway Company (Ill.) 35 L. R. A. 688, to be applicable to a contract by which a street-railway company purchases the consent of a majority of the owners of the frontage on a street in order to secure from the common council permission to lay railway tracks therein.

A contract extending the monopoly of a patent to an unpatented and unpatentable article necessary to the operation of a patented machine by a provision that the article shall be bought exclusively from the patentee is sustained in Heaton-Peninsula But- tlefast Company vs. Eureka Specialty Company (C. C. App. 6th Cir.) 35 L. R. A. 728.

The legal capacity of a corporation to take property by will in excess of the amount prescribed by its charter is held in Congregational Church of South Boston vs. Everett (Md.) 35 L. R. A. 693, to be a matter which cannot be questioned by heirs-at-law or next of kin but only by the State.

Imprisonment for more than two thousand one hundred and sixty days in default of paying fines aggregating \$720, for the violation of an ordinance respecting trespass on public parks, is held, in State ex rel. Garvey vs. Whitaker (La.) 35 L. R. A. 581, to constitute unusual and unreasonable punishment, where it is shown that the accused upon whom was essentially one complaint was found guilty of seventy-two distinct violations of the ordinance.

The measure of damages for fraud in contract for the exchange of property is held, in Rockefeller vs. Merritt (C. C. App. 8th Cir.) 35 L. R. A. 688, to be limited to the difference between the actual value of the property which the plaintiff parted with and that which he received.

An adverse use which is not continuous but which consists in the use of a dam during certain months of the year for the purpose of sluicing logs is held in Swan vs. Munch (Minn.) 35 L. R. A. 743, to be sufficient to create an easement by prescription.

Consequential damages for changing the grade of a street after it has been opened and used on the natural surface as a grade line is held, in Blair vs. Charleston (W. Va.) 35 L. R. A. 859, to be recoverable under a constitutional provision allowing compensation for property damaged.

General reputation in a family as to the death of a member if not derived from declarations of any deceased member of the family, is held, in re Hurbutt (Vt.) 35 L. R. A. 794, to be inadmissible to show the fact of his death prior to the death of his father.

## A Special Mining Number of the Los Angeles Times.

[Anglo-Californian:] The Times will publish an elaborate and carefully prepared and in many respects devoted to exploring the rich mining fields lying in the Great Southwest, in almost every direction from the city of Los Angeles, which is the natural commercial metropolis and mineral entrepot of this vast region. The notice further informs us that this forthcoming mining edition will contain a volume of valuable and timely information about the yielding and paying mines, as well as about the more promising prospects and mineral localities. The aim will be to give correct and reliable information in every case, with a view to promoting the mining industry as a legitimate pursuit. Judging from the thorough manner in which the Times has always done its work, and the reliability of its statements, we may look for a valuable and interesting work, one in which those who are watching the development of Southern California's mineral resources, and specially to those who take an active part in the mining industry. The Times will no doubt find in its field many surprises and very much material intensely interesting on which to base its report. A chamber and museum of mines would, we are sure, prove a most important institution to Los Angeles. This could be kept in connection with the Board of Trade exhibits, and would be a useful and attractive object lesson.

We wish *The Times* every success in its exploits, and feel sure the result when published will be most interesting and useful.

Why Waits Music is Sad.

That waltz music is the saddest of all music has often been commented upon, says a writer in the New York Tribune. Nothing brings back memory faster than the waltz. It is the only old youth so much as the swinging minor cadence and repetition of an old familiar trios tempo. "Oh, how far! Oh, how far!" the waltz is to the commonplace middle-aged people who are listening, "are the days gone by," days gone by, while in the young the waltz measure awakes a feeling of sadness and longing.

"That is not akin to pain, And resembles sorrow only As a mist resembles rain."

"Weal or woe," it repeats—"weal or woe," which will it be? Ah, which will it be? One of Strauss's lovely minor melodies is called "The Good Old Times" waltz. "Great heavens!" exclaimed a woman past her first youth, fancy waltzing to the memory of old times! A requiem or a funeral march would be better suited to the name! Still the world dances on, and if the music has a sob in it, what wonder?

## "In Battle Array."

(Contributed to The Times.)

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY ROOSEVELT has a profound love for proficiency; and, under his supervision, the battleships and armored cruisers of our North Atlantic Squadron will be put through their paces early in September.

The occasion is one of unusual moment; for then, for the first time, our line of battle will be maneuvered as it surely would be in case of actual hostilities. Heretofore we have had fleet drills, but with heterogeneous squadrons, composed of vessels of many types and impossible of concerted action in battle. This time the vessels will be of the armored type, and such as would really have to stand the brunt of battle, and upon whose force we should have to depend on the day of trial.

The modern battleship is an immense aggregation of great powers, offensively and defensively, and not alone satisfactory that we should have such engines of destructive might, for their possibilities are limited to the destructive genius of the men in charge, and from the captain down to the lowest officer that may succeed to the command, the ship is a masterpiece of the constructive genius of the men in charge, and from the captain down to the lowest officer that may succeed to the command, the ship is a masterpiece of the constructive genius of the men in charge, and from the captain down to the lowest officer that may succeed to the command, the ship is a masterpiece of the constructive genius of the men in charge.

Of this fleet but two of the vessels, the Indiana and the Massachusetts, are sister ships, and it is the primary purpose of the evolutions to study the peculiarities of each and reduce their functions to a common denominator. The wisdom of this is possible to be too strongly emphasized; for thus in peace time can defects be detected and corrected, and the maximum of unity of action discovered and settled.

The proposed maneuvers, then, will be of the greatest importance to the service as well as to the country, first in the tactical aspect, and second in the prompt discovery of deficiencies.

Mr. Roosevelt will join the squadron at Hampton Roads, and, in the morning, will accompany the fleet to sea, where, for four days, the ships will undergo drills of all kinds, including tactical formations, great gun practice, signalling, searchlight exercises and individual maneuvers.

Mr. Roosevelt believes that the ships which will perform these drills are among the best in the world, and he is anxious to justify more of them. And to that end, he is anxious to see for himself how radical are some of the reported defects, and to study upon what lines we should make departures or remedies.

The vessels of the fleet are the products of some of the greatest engineering minds the navy has produced, and individually are magnificent; but the question now is to determine, if possible, on what further line we shall proceed to gain the greatest promise of harmonious action.

Taking the Iowa, the largest of the fleet, she has a total weight or displacement of 11,410 tons, and is 320 feet long, has a beam of 72 feet, 2½ inches, and draws normally 25 feet of water. She carries a main armament of eighteen guns, ranging from rapid-fire four-inch guns up to her ponderous twelve-inch rifles in heavy armored turrets. There is an auxiliary force of twenty-eight smaller pieces ranging from the Gatling up to the six-pounder. She carries hundreds of tons of hardened steel armor, varying in thickness from four to eighteen inches. Her propelling engines are capable of developing an indicated horse power of 11,000—a force that has no descriptive equivalent, while eighty odd auxiliary engines are provided for the accommodation of as many different services, and one of which is far beyond the muscular aggregate of her whole crew. Besides all this, she must have room enough for her provisions and the coal that must feed her boilers.

The magnitude of such a vessel may be partly appreciated by the reader if he will take an ordinary three-story dwelling, quadruple its height and double its breadth, and then add to it with a score of elevators, an electric-lighting plant, steam-heating appliances, ventilators, and an extensive system of sanitary plumbing, and picture the difficulty of running such a place with the tax of interdependence of the Gatling up to the six-pounder. She carries hundreds of tons of hardened steel armor, varying in thickness from four to eighteen inches. Her propelling engines are capable of developing an indicated horse power of 11,000—a force that has no descriptive equivalent, while eighty odd auxiliary engines are provided for the accommodation of as many different services, and one of which is far beyond the muscular aggregate of her whole crew. Besides all this, she must have room enough for her provisions and the coal that must feed her boilers.

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speed to a nicety that means everything to the successful maneuvering of position and the unity of swing of the moving ship. Before the engineer's watchful eye, hunders that ponderous engine; and, by his quickness of sight and



## THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Aug. 27.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.95; at 5 p.m., 29.90. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 66 deg. and 69 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 87 per cent.; 5 p.m., 76 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., southwest, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 3 miles. Maximum temperature, 78 deg.; minimum temperature, 64 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

## The Times

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Two newspaper publishers in San Diego have come together with a sickening thud in front of a prominent place of worship, and now the courts have been called upon to adjust the personal damages in each case, all of which tends to prove that the way of the newspaper man in the bay'n climate city is not strewn with fore-gone-nots.

The Spanish-American residents of Santa Barbara are rejoicing over the expected return to that city of Father José Goday, the only survivor of the priests who were under the rule of the first Franciscan bishop of the Santa Barbara mission. The venerable Father Goday has been engaged for fifteen years past in missionary work among the Indians in the northern part of the State. He will return to spend his declining years in the field of his early labors.

Persons who imagine that boxing contests are "brutal," "cruel" and "demoralizing" would have been enlightened had they attended last night's exhibition at Hazard's Pavilion. It was an "ovation" to a small but eminent pugilist of heads, and it was preceded by a triumphal procession with brass bands and prominent citizens in carriages and by advertising that would make a circus poster blush. The people who paid their dollars to give the eminent pugilist the "ovation" were hurt in their pockets worse than the pugilists were in their bullet heads.

At the Farmers' Institute in Covina, Prof. Cook, the entomologist who has charge of the institute work for the State University, rather staggered the fruit-growers by saying that the Los Angeles County Horticultural Commissioners were inefficient, not being experts in their business, and if the farmers wanted to protect their trees they would have to do the work themselves. He declared that no one was appointed to the commission on account of efficiency as an entomologist, and as soon as one began to acquire a knowledge of his business, the shifting condition of politics would lead to his being dropped for some one who was as ignorant as he when he assumed his position.

An excellent suggestion has been made with regard to the proper posting of the names of streets at the intersections. Everybody is at times annoyed and perplexed, when in a comparatively unfamiliar part of the city, to find the wing boards bearing the names of the streets missing in many places. Wind and rain and the small boy combine to put a period to the usefulness of these signboards, and a large proportion of them hardly survive one season. It has been suggested that the names of streets be stamped in large letters in the corner curbstones, instead of being painted on a rickety and perishable bit of board. Advertisements signs and the name of the cement contractor are read every day in the city pavements, why not stamp or inlay the street names where they cannot be lost or effaced?

## TREATS AND EMBEZZLEMENT.

## Alleged Would-be Vitrol Throver Looked Up.

G. A. Laydan was landed in the City Jail yesterday afternoon on two grave charges—embezzlement and threats to do bodily injury. The complaining witness is Mrs. Alice Hoffman, a widow residing at No. 331 Winston street.

Mrs. Hoffman alleges that she rented a room to Laydan, and that he got possession of a collection of rare coins and jewelry belonging to her. When she demanded restitution of the property, he put her off with various promises and excuses. At length she threatened to have him arrested, whereupon he defied her to do so, saying if she complained to the officers, he would get a bottle of vitrol and spoil her beauty, or if he got arrested before he had a chance to use the vitrol, he would "take her good and plenty," as soon as he got out of prison.

Mrs. Hoffman informed the District Attorney, and two warrants for the man's arrest, one for embezzlement, the other for making threats, were issued immediately. The ink was scarcely dry upon the paper before Deputy Constable Tom Quinn had Laydan behind the bars.

## Masonic Visit.

The recently instituted lodge of Free and Accepted Masons at San Pedro have had quite a number of applicants for the degree, but not until last evening has the third degree been conferred. To meet the evening of the ceremony, the lodge invited the team of workers of this city to visit San Pedro and exemplify the work. District Inspector C. L. Ennis, who has charge of the team, being absent from the city, F. C. Woodbury, P.M., of Southern California Lodge, No. 278, assumed the captaincy, and in addition to the regular team a large number of the members of city lodges went thither by special train on the Terminal at 6:15. In addition to the work of the degree a social session was held and a banquet was served to the visitors.

## Foresters Entertain.

Court Los Angeles, No. 30, Foresters of America, entertained a large number of friends last night at the Foresters' Hall, No. 107 1/2 North Main street. With what they were pleased to term a "stag party." It was a good-natured affair of sociability, good fellowship, music, song, cards and refreshments, both liquid and solid, and continued until a late hour.

## N-EATING SHARK, 30 FEET LONG.

Secured and brought into Redondo will be on the beach today and tomorrow. See Santa Fé trains go at 8:37, 9:45, 11:03 a.m.; 1 p.m.; 5:40 p.m.; 6:15 p.m. Round trip 50 cents.

## SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

The land of cool breezes and crystal waters. Three boats Saturday. Grand display fireworks at night. Two boats Sunday. Daily concerts, Marine Band, Banning Co., 222 South Spring street. Telephone Main 36.

## RAILROAD RECORD.

## SANTA FE CHANGES.

## MORE GENERAL OFFICES LOCATED HERE.

Additional Quarters Secured for several Departments That are Crowded for Room—Engineers Making Fast Time.

The Santa Fé system, under the head of the Southern California, has issued the following circulars announcing changes to take effect on September 1. The circulars are addressed to all concerned and read as follows:

"The headquarters of Superintendent W. B. Beamer of the Southern California Railroad Company will be at San Bernardino, and in addition to the duties heretofore assigned him he will have charge of the maintenance of track, buildings, water service and bridges, except iron bridges, which will remain under the supervision of the chief engineer."

Circular No. 2: "A. P. McGinnis is appointed claim agent for the Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company, with headquarters at Los Angeles, Cal."

Circular No. 3: "A. G. Wells is appointed general superintendent of the Southern California Railway Company, with headquarters at Los Angeles, Cal."

Circular No. 4: "Andrew Smith is appointed superintendent of telegraph of the Southern California Railway Company, with headquarters at Los Angeles, Cal."

Under the caption of the "Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company," the general superintendent, A. G. Wells, under date of September 1, issues the following circular: "S. C. Annable is appointed car accountant of the Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company, with headquarters at Los Angeles, Cal."

In this connection it may be stated that with the removal of the offices named to this city, the Santa Fé will be compelled to seek additional quarters other than those now occupied on the fifth floor of the Bradbury Block. The first move to be made in order to have more room, will be the transfer of the hospital department to the fourth floor, where it will occupy four large rooms. Two of the rooms will be used as physicians' offices, a third as a reception room, and in the fourth room will be a dispensary, a much-needed improvement and one which will benefit alike the company's surgeons and the employees of the road.

Other departments will follow the hospital corps to the fourth floor in the near future and a general rearrangement of the offices will follow. The Santa Fé has had not much room all along, but is now good and crowded. The removal of the new division offices to this city means an increase of trade for the home merchants, as it is to be the policy of the Santa Fé to buy all supplies here that can be obtained. The fact that all the goods of eastern markets with reasonable transportation cost added. In other words, the Santa Fé prefers to have the wholesalers bring out the goods and then buy them to buying the same goods a little cheaper back East and hauling them to the Coast.

C. W. Calkins, a formerly a business man of Riverside, and more recently the agent of the Southern Pacific at Truckee, has been appointed cashier of that company at Colton.

The locomotive engineers on all the suburban lines seem to have joined in a rivalry as to which road has the fastest locomotives for a given distance. Owing to the fact that the time card precludes the arrival at destination points ahead of time, the engineers are speeding between stations "on the sly" and engine stop watches carried in the cabs are correctly reported by the drivers, some remarkable runs have been made. Were it possible to enter an engine race, the engineer ready on every line to enter his locomotive for given distance against time.

A. P. McGinnis of the Santa Fé, who was yesterday promoted to the position of claim agent of the Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company, is one of the best-known railroad men in Southern California. For nearly thirty years he has been actively engaged in railroad work. While thoroughly familiar with nearly all departments, he is particularly experienced in construction work.

Mr. McGinnis is a native of Ohio. He has been with the Santa Fé for the past sixteen years, through all its changes of management. For the past ten years he has been in Los Angeles as manager of the land department, and for the past eight years he has also held the position of claim agent of the Southern California Railroad.

During the great railroad strike Mr. McGinnis left his office and went into the heat of the fight. He went into the yards among the men who remained at their posts, with his own hands assisting in the labor of making up trains. Throughout the bitter struggle between the strikers and the railroad he was indefatigable in his services. His jurisdiction will in future cover the old Atlantic and Pacific system in addition to the Southern California.

## BUDDINGER'S BAD BREAK.

## Stole a Horse But Will Not Be Prosecuted for It.

A valuable horse and buggy, owned by L. C. Whipple, was left standing at the Plaza at 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon. When the owner returned for it a few hours later the rig was gone. He notified the police, and Officer Benedict began a search for it. On Thursday night the officer found the animal in a stable on Aliso street where it had been left by a young man named John Buddinger.

Further investigation showed that Buddinger had tried to sell the horse at a very low price. He was asked to speed the animal, and when Buddinger let it out at a 2:15 gait, the prospective purchaser became suspicious and refused to buy. He thought it highly improbable that a man like Buddinger should own so speedy a roadster, or, if owning it, be willing to part with it at such a low price. His suspicions were reported to the police.

After a tedious search Officer Benedict found Buddinger in an Alameda street resort, and placed him under arrest. Mr. Whipple was satisfied with the return of his property, and refused to prosecute Buddinger. Whipple refused an offer of \$500 for the horse a few days ago. The buggy was one of the finest makes. Buddinger's appropriation of the rig is thought to have been a mere drunk-freak, but it came very near sending him over the road.

## Simpson Scorching.

George Simpson was knocked off his bicycle on North Main street yesterday evening and placed under arrest by Officer Blackburn for fast riding. Simpson served an apprenticeship on the U. S. Philadelphia, and but recently left the service. He was in jail but a short while before friends arrived at the Police Station to bail him out.

## SEE THE MAN-EATING SHARK.

Thirty feet long, at Redondo Beach Saturday and Sunday. Santa Fé trains go at 8:37, 9:45, 11:03 a.m.; 1 p.m.; 5:40 p.m.; 6:15 p.m. Examiner delivered, 50c per month. Office, No. 214 South Broadway. Tel. main 560.

## What's the Use

Of three strokes when two are enough? Harrison's Paints spread easier than any paint made. It makes a more even surface with less paint and less labor. It is economical.

P. H. MATHEWS, 238-240 S. Main St., Middle of block, Between Second and Third Sts.

## BOYS

And Girls need a practical Business Education. The business world demands it. This college has established a well-earned reputation for thoroughness and honesty. Call and investigate its superior advantages.

Fall Term begins September 1.

Los Angeles Business College 312 W. Third St., Los Angeles.



## Ever Troubled With Your Eyes?

Ever tried us? We have fitted glasses to THOUSANDS to their entire satisfaction. Why not give us a trial? We will satisfy you. Eyes tested free.

245 S. Spring St. J. C. Marshall, Established 1885, Look for CROWN on the window.

## Economical Musical Instruments

are ours. We take pains in making our selections that no "trashy" instrument enter our store. You can depend on the instrument you buy of us.

Southern California Music Co., Bradbury Bldg. 216-218 W. 3d St.

## Everybody Uses SOAP FOAM

Washing Powder Because It is the Best. 5c, 15c and 25c packages. Your Grocer keeps it.

## Our New Coin Toe, Hand Welt Shoe for street wear is just the thing for ladies.

SNYDER SHOE CO., Broadway and Third.

## Diseases of the Hair

Such as hair shedding, itchy scalp or excessive dandruff. itching and bald spots, accurately and conscientiously treated. Ladies' hair specialists. Terms moderate. IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR, 224-226 W. SECOND ST. Phone Black 138.

100,000 People in Los Angeles and only about 50 lots to be had in the celebrated WEILL TRACT.

Richard Altschul, Sole Agent, Rooms 204 and 205, Lankershim Building, S. E. Corner Third and Spring Streets.

Have been made in mines by Barney Bar-nato, the Rothschild, Senator Fair, J. W. Macker, (Pres. Postal Telegraph Co.), Lyman Gage, Secy. U. S. Treasury, and hundreds of others. Send for booklet, 20 Wilcox Block, Los Angeles.

Fortunes

INFANTS' OUTFITS...\$10

43 Pieces Complete. I. MAGNIN & CO., 237 S. Spring Street. Meyer Siegel, Mgr.

In the wild scramble to maintain a spirit of economy in the family circle, very, very often a reserved back seat is given to

## Common Sense.

When you come to the necessities of a boy you are up in arms with a subject about which too little thought is given.

## We Aim

To supply such clothing for boys that will make of them neat dressers, and give economical parents interchangeable joy.

\$1.90 ...Hat...

Boys' Long Pants Value \$2 to \$3 Today only at \$1.50

Madden Street 101-103 North Spring Street 201-203-205-207-209 West First Street

H. JEVNE CIGARS

We take pains to make our cigar stocks the best in the city. To the man who smokes a nickel cigar we will give a full nickel's worth. Ten-cent cigars put up expressly for our trade are without an equal at the price. In higher grade goods we need no recommendation to those who have tested us. Cigars by the single one or cigars by the box. No matter how you buy you'll be satisfied at Jevne's.

245 S. Spring St. J. C. Marshall, Established 1885, Look for CROWN on the window.

208-210 South Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

Wash Goods, 6 to 10 o'clock. 50 odd and broken pieces of this season's goods, all shades, figures, stripes, checks; goods that were 60c, 85c and 10c; your choice of the lot, for four hours only, 6 to 10 o'clock, at per yard 3c.

Ladies' Handkerchiefs. 50 doz. fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, elaborate with needlework, the maker was overburdened, Hale Bros. relieved him; they will be assorted and put in stock, none less than 30c each, from that to 40c; your choice today only for 11c.

'Phone Main 541.

We challenge any one to sell better quality for same money, or equal quality for less money.

Hale Bros. are inaugurators of bargains—the unadulterated kind.

107-109 N. SPRING ST.

THE Los Angeles Times

Is the Surpassing Newspaper of the Southwest. It Leads In Character, Circulation and Influence.

and is peerless in ITS FIELD. Daily, by mail, 75 cents a month; \$2.25 for 3 months; \$9 a year. Sunday only \$2 a year.

The LOS ANGELES SATURDAY TIMES and WEEKLY MIRROR, a great 12-page paper, \$1.30 a year.

Send for Sample Copies.

Address..... THE TIMES-MIRROR CO. Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

CONSUMPTION CURED By Dr. CHARLES H. WHITMAN.

KOCH MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 530 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. "Improved Tuberculin," the ONLY remedy that permanently cures.

Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, 406 Stimson Block, Spring and Third Streets, L. A. "Treatise on Consumption" sent free to any address.

FURNITURE, New and Second-hand; Carpets, Mattings and Stoves. Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

I. T. MARTIN, 531 S. Spring St.

THE Great Specialist Who Has Had More Than Fifteen Years' Successful Practice.

No Pay Till Cured. Contagious Blood Poison.

Dr. Meyers cures this humiliating and oft-times deadly affliction rapidly and permanently at any stage, primary, secondary or tertiary, inherited or contracted. For centuries contagious blood diseases have baffled the skill of physicians. Dr. Meyers has cured the most obstinate cases, many of which were of long standing and had refused to yield to the efforts of the most skilled physicians in Europe and America. Victims should remember that if the blood has but been tainted by this deadly curse it is liable to break out at any time and end in softening of the brain or a lingering death, if Dr. Meyers' treatment is not taken. Why spend hundreds of dollars for quack nostrums or in visiting the hot springs, only to get temporary relief, when Dr. Meyers can make you whole and clean? Among the symptoms are: chancres, large or small ulcers in the mouth, on the lips or elsewhere, loss of hair on the head or other parts of the body, dark or copper spots on the skin, aching of the bones and joints. All other private diseases cured. LOST MANHOOD quickly restored by DR. MEYERS. Send for question list and private book. All letters strictly confidential.

Consultation and Advice Free.

Dr. Meyers is the Specialist for Men for the English and German Expert Specialists.

Private entrance 412 Byrne Building, Los Angeles, Cal. Office Hours 9 to 4 daily; Sunday 9 to 11; Evening 7 to 8.

Los Alamitos Sugar. Absolutely Pure.

Quality Guaranteed. Will preserve fruit equal to any refinery product. Ask your grocer for it. Patronize Home Industry.

What kind of water are you drinking? Typhoid fever may become an epidemic. So says the City Board of Health. Take no chances, but order at once the famous GLEN ROCK, a Pure Mountain Spring Water, flowing direct from the mountain rock.

Telephone, Main 26. 216-218 S. Spring St.

Others Follow.

SATSUMA PLUMS 1 1/2 CENTS PER POUND.

Cad'smum Store Co. 314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

J. E. Carr & Co. Cut-Rate Grocers. We cut the prices and the people are getting onto the fact that they can save money by trading with us.

Today we sell: 15 BARS GOOD SOAP, 25c; ARBUCKLE COFFEE, 11c; CHOICE HAGON, 11c; PRICES OF CLEVELAND 1-1/2; BAKING POWDER, 35c; QUART PRUIT CANS, 25c.

If you are not trading with us you are paying more money. Come and see. 'Phone 801 Black. 623 South Broadway.

Ladies' 20c Linen Collars, 10c; Ladies' Silk and Madras Bows, 12 1/2c; Men's Cool Shirts for, 75c; Men's Cool Underwear, 45c; Men's Summer Vests, \$1.00.

Lowman & Co., 131 South Spring Street.

SEEMS ODD... That so many people neglect their natural teeth until their usefulness are entirely departed, and then display such discriminating care in providing artificial ones. However, I devote painless dentistry to the care of natural teeth—and knowing skill in providing the discriminating late people with proper artificial ones. Moderate charges, and warranted work, also, early or late.

W. M. Spinks, THE DENTIST, PARK PLACE COR. 5th & Hill Sts. Telephone 193 Black.



BUSINESS. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, Los Angeles, Aug. 27, 1937. JAPAN'S NEW CURRENCY. By October next it is expected Japan will have a gold currency. A circular issued by the Specie Bank of Yokohama announced that from that date gold will be paid for Bank of Japan notes. At the present time the mint at Osaka is busy minting new gold coins, the twenty yen coin being struck first. It is expected to mint 10,000,000 yen worth of subsidiary coins, including fifty-yen coins, within the year. The usual summer vacation of officials in the mint has been dispensed with in order to expedite the issuance of the new coins.

COMMERCIAL. CALIFORNIA OLIVE OIL. The agricultural editor of the San Francisco Chronicle tells how he recently inquired the price of olive oils from one of the largest wholesale grocers in San Francisco. As all the prices quoted were for imported olive oil, he asked quotations for the California article, and was told that the firm did not keep it, and never had done so, because they had no trade for it. Nobody, according to the editor, was wanting California oil. Commenting upon this experience, the Chronicle makes the following remarks, which are both truthful and interesting, and should be heeded by manufacturers of California oils, as well as other products. These remarks are especially pertinent just now, when the effort is being made in Los Angeles to encourage the consumption of home products:

"We do not doubt that California olive oil can be obtained of some of our wholesale grocers, but the fact that so important a house as the one in question does not keep it in stock is quite sufficient evidence that it is not largely in demand by the trade. Retailers who desire it doubtless obtain it from the producers direct. Now this might seem to be a move in the right direction, being in fact the elimination of one middleman. As a matter of fact, it is not. All wholesale grocers in California are in the demand, and the fact that they do not keep any article indicates that there is no call for it. One might, perhaps, expect that California merchants export their produce, but the fact that California produces so much of the goods of California products, but merchandising is not pursued on that principle. It is carried on to make money, and so long as more money can be made by pushing the sophisticated foreign goods they will be pushed. The trade desires cheap goods because their customers demand them. In the case of the firm referred to nothing was said about the purity of the oil, but when the writer brought it up, the salesman would guarantee that one of the many brands on sale as pure olive oil. This oil, however, whose purity we have no reason to doubt, although we can easily guess as to its quality, is cheaper than pure California oils, and still the wholesale concern was doubtless making a good profit on it. The fact is, our olive oil producers are pushing foreign oils of more or less purity, and the olive oil of California is being sold at a price which is a little higher than the price of the latter variety. What is the matter with the producers? Can they not make more money by selling direct to wholesalers at a price permitting them to make a reasonable profit? It costs money to find special markets, and wholesale dealers can do this work at much less expense than the producers. The industry cannot be considered squarely on its feet until our wholesale grocers habitually carry it in stock."

LOW PRICE OF HONEY. Honey appears to be one of the Southern California products which has not yet shared in the general advance that has taken place in prices of most commodities. Prices have been ruling at about 8 cents for comb honey, and 3 1/2 cents for extracted. Some bee men complain that they are unable to obtain more than 2 cents for the latter variety. What is the matter with the beekeepers' organizations? Can they not imitate the fruit-growers' unions, and inaugurate a little practical cooperation for the common good?

A LOS ANGELES COFFEE-GROWING ENTERPRISE. At 3,000 feet above sea level, in the hush of the mountains, grows a company known as the California Improvement and Commercial Company, in which several Los Angeles residents are interested. Judge Hatch being the attorney of the company. The coffee has a good pump berry, and should bring a good price in the market.

CHINESE CIGARS. Among other articles produced in Los Angeles which are very little patronized by our people, should be mentioned the cigar. There are several cigar factories in Los Angeles, but probably 99 per cent. of the cigars smoked in this community, that such a mass of living disease, zealously cultivated and propagated, can exist in our midst. When one considers the great number of consumptive and syphilitic ailments in Chinatown where cigars are made in San Francisco, it is not surprising that the Chinese of this city entirely ignore the laws of sanitation. In a trip through Chinatown he found a horrible condition of affairs to prevail among Chinese cigar makers. He says:

"While I was tolerably acquainted with their condition prior to my inspection, I but little realized the extent of contagion—absolute defiance of health and sanitation—would unfold itself as my researches proceeded. I can hardly believe that in a city such as San Francisco considers herself to be, in a commonwealth composed of the most intelligent citizens to be found in the United States, that such a mass of living disease, zealously cultivated and propagated, can exist in our midst. When one considers the great number of consumptive and syphilitic ailments in Chinatown where cigars are made in San Francisco, it is not surprising that the Chinese of this city entirely ignore the laws of sanitation. In a trip through Chinatown he found a horrible condition of affairs to prevail among Chinese cigar makers. He says:

In order that official action may be taken by the Board of Health, Dr. Hart has submitted the following resolution: "Whereas, after a thorough inspection it has been found that the establishments in Chinatown where cigars are made and tobacco prepared for use are in an unsanitary condition and the cigars so manufactured dangerous to the health of the community, and a menace to life; and whereas, it has been found necessary to appoint an inspector of the health department to

give that quarter, wherein cigars are manufactured by Chinese, constant attention and special inspection; be it Resolved, by the Board of Health that William H. Hart be appointed inspector for that district without relief from his regular duties, and that he shall furthermore have the entire charge and inspection thereof.

"HENRY H. HART, M. D."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS. BRANDY FROM FIGS ILLEGAL. In the early part of April, the current year, the A. F. Tenney Company, of Fresno, distilled a quantity of brandy from figs, a variety of fruit which is not included in the list of those from which brandy can be legally produced, unless figs could be classified as "berries." The Collector of Internal Revenue, by agreement with the company, seized the whole output, and addressed an inquiry to the Treasury Department as to whether it was lawful to manufacture distilled spirits from figs. Word was recently received from Washington, notifying the Collector that spirits distilled from any fruit other than those specified in the law were illegal, but that in the case presented, it appearing that the company had acted in good faith, with no intention to deceive the authorities, the right of the government to destroy the fig brandy was waived, and the company was allowed to take the brandy in payment of the tax of \$1.10 per gallon.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET. Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily. LOS ANGELES, Aug. 27, 1937. Dairy products and eggs are firm in quotations. Beans are higher. Other products are in the main unchanged.

Butter—Extra local creamery, per 32-oz. can, 52 1/2; fancy local, 47 1/2; 32-oz. can, 52 1/2; 16-oz. can, 47 1/2; 8-oz. can, 42 1/2; 4-oz. can, 37 1/2; 2-oz. can, 32 1/2; 1-oz. can, 27 1/2; 1/2-oz. can, 22 1/2; 1/4-oz. can, 17 1/2; 1/8-oz. can, 12 1/2; 1/16-oz. can, 7 1/2; 1/32-oz. can, 2 1/2; 1/64-oz. can, 1 1/2; 1/128-oz. can, 1/2; 1/256-oz. can, 1/4; 1/512-oz. can, 1/8; 1/1024-oz. can, 1/16; 1/2048-oz. can, 1/32; 1/4096-oz. can, 1/64; 1/8192-oz. can, 1/128; 1/16384-oz. can, 1/256; 1/32768-oz. can, 1/512; 1/65536-oz. can, 1/1024; 1/131072-oz. can, 1/2048; 1/262144-oz. can, 1/4096; 1/524288-oz. can, 1/8192; 1/1048576-oz. can, 1/16384; 1/2097152-oz. can, 1/32768; 1/4194304-oz. can, 1/65536; 1/8388608-oz. can, 1/131072; 1/16777216-oz. can, 1/262144; 1/33554432-oz. can, 1/524288; 1/67108864-oz. can, 1/1048576; 1/134217728-oz. can, 1/2097152; 1/268435456-oz. can, 1/4194304; 1/536870912-oz. can, 1/8388608; 1/1073741824-oz. can, 1/16777216; 1/2147483648-oz. can, 1/33554432; 1/4294967296-oz. can, 1/67108864; 1/8589934592-oz. can, 1/134217728; 1/17179869184-oz. can, 1/268435456; 1/34359738368-oz. can, 1/536870912; 1/68719476736-oz. can, 1/1073741824; 1/137438953472-oz. can, 1/2147483648; 1/274877906944-oz. can, 1/4294967296; 1/549755813888-oz. can, 1/8589934592; 1/1099511627776-oz. can, 1/17179869184; 1/2199023255552-oz. can, 1/34359738368; 1/4398046511104-oz. can, 1/68719476736; 1/8796093022208-oz. can, 1/137438953472; 1/17592186444416-oz. can, 1/274877906944; 1/35184372888832-oz. can, 1/549755813888; 1/70368745777664-oz. can, 1/1099511627776; 1/140737491555328-oz. can, 1/2199023255552; 1/281474983110656-oz. can, 1/4398046511104; 1/562949966221312-oz. can, 1/8796093022208; 1/1125899932442624-oz. can, 1/17592186444416; 1/2251799864885248-oz. can, 1/35184372888832; 1/4503599729770496-oz. can, 1/70368745777664; 1/9007199459540992-oz. can, 1/140737491555328; 1/18014398919081984-oz. can, 1/281474983110656; 1/36028797838163968-oz. can, 1/562949966221312; 1/72057595676327936-oz. can, 1/1125899932442624; 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